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NO. 21

SACK CLOTH RELIGION NEW CULT

Society of the Fallen Angel Restored Seeks to Buy Spirit Fruit Farm

REPENT IN SACK CLOTH

Twenty Families Belonging to New Religious Cult Seeking to Purchase Farm at Wooster Lake

Another religious community, practicing strange rites, similar to those practiced in the temple at Jerusalem, the worshippers gathering every morning to repent in real sack cloth and real ashes, with the strong pungent odor of incense permeating the atmosphere, is to be the latest addition to the many religious cults, now invading Lake county, unless some force steps in and prevents one of the most important real estate sales ever in the history of Lake county.

Details of the proposed sale are not made public at this time. Several months ago the Spirit Fruit colony with a farm at Wooster Lake, in the western part of this county, offered the farm for sale, claiming that the voice of Jacob Biehart, their dead leader, had directed them to go to California.

Since the farm was offered for sale there has been many offers; among which was the offer of Evelyn Arthur See, founder of the Absolute Life cult, who was sentenced in Chicago a few months ago on the charge of abducting Mildred Bridges. None of the offers were accepted, however, but now comes the Society of the Fallen Angel, Restored, a new religious community, and desires to purchase the farm.

It is expected that this offer will be accepted as the new colony offers the highest price of any so far and the Spirit Fruit people are anxious to sell.

In a way, the new cult is the least fanatic of the many now in Lake county. There is no "free-love," no worship of one individual, no faith healing, nothing in fact but the strange rites, patterned as near as possible after the rites of the ancient laws in Jerusalem.

There are about twenty followers of the leader, who is named the Fallen Angel Restored. His real name, it is said, is John Keiner, but his ancestry, or last place of residence is still held a mystery. The society is composed of those who have walked, during their life times the "primrose ways to the everlasting bon-fires," and have repented of their sins, and desire to make restitution in the way laid down in the Bible, namely, kneeling in ashes, while clothed in sack cloth and praying for forgiveness.

These rites, it is said, are practiced every morning, the men and women kneeling in the tabernacle, which will be built, their knees resting in ashes and their forms draped in sack cloth.

All the followers, with the exception of the leader are married. It is said, their wives are to accompany them to their new proposed home at Wooster Lake, should the sale be consummated.

They worship God, and not the Fallen Angel, they draw their religious beliefs from the Bible, they hold marriage sacred and each family will be housed in a separate house. The future plans of the community are not known, further than the fact that they desire to purchase the Spirit Fruit farm, and bring 20 families there, build small houses, till the fields and spend the remainder of their days in repenting for the sins they committed in their younger days. The age of the cult is not known, or its present location, and this will remain a secret, until after the real estate deal is consummated.

FIRE DESTROYS OETTING BROS. ICE HOUSE

Monday night at about 8:00 o'clock fire consumed the ice house of the Oetting Bros., situated on the south-west part of Camp Lake, Wis.

The fire was first discovered in the engine room and was quickly communicated to the ice house proper, and despite all that could be done the entire structure was burned to the ground.

The loss is estimated at about \$45,000. A temporary covering and sides will probably be constructed as soon as the insurance is adjusted.

DEATH OF JOHN HUGHES

Passes Away at His Home at Lake Villa, Aged 82 Years

On Friday of last week at his home in Lake Villa occurred the death of John Hughes, a highly respected resident of that village, the cause of his death being due to old age.

John H. Hughes was born in North Wales, July 30, 1829, and came to America in 1841. He was married Oct. 27, 1859, to Miss Annie E. Stewart, and to this union five children were born three sons and two daughters who are all living. L. M. Hughes of Antioch; L. R. Hughes of Rialto, Cal.; O. S. Hughes of Lake Forest; Mrs. R. L. Strang of Millburn, and Mrs. Russell Douglas of Lake Villa. The widow is also living. Thirty years of his life was spent in Millburn and twenty-two in Lake Villa, and he had been a member of the Christian church for fifty years.

The funeral services were held Monday from his late residence with interment in the Millburn cemetery.

WERE MARRIED IN CHICAGO

Miss Lulu E. Herman and Charles B. Willey Married Wednesday Afternoon

At 5:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at Chicago occurred the wedding of Mr. Charles B. Willey of Chicago and Miss Lulu E. Herman of Antioch, only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties being present.

The groom is the only child of a Chicago millionaire lumber dealer and is associated with his father in business and is well known here, having for a number of years spent his summers at the Bluff Lake Resort conducted by the bride's parents, and those who were personally acquainted with him speak of him in the highest terms and one who is eminently worthy of the charming lady he has selected for his bride.

The bride is one of Antioch's best young ladies, being an accomplished hostess and a maker of friends and acquaintances and one who can fill any position her husband may choose to place her in.

After an extended honeymoon trip to New Orleans, Los Angeles, Cal., and through other of the southern and western states Mr. and Mrs. Willey will make their future home at Chicago, where a furnished flat awaits them.

SALEM SCHOOL CLOSED LAST MONDAY

The town of Salem has an epidemic of scarlet fever and on last week Monday afternoon the school board of the town directed that the district school at Salem Center, just outside the village be closed until the epidemic of the disease abated.

Four families have now been quarantined and it is claimed that more than a dozen cases of the dread disease have appeared in the district within the past few days. The disease is in a light form and there has been no death from it, but it is declared that it is spreading with such rapidity that it is feared that the entire village will have to be quarantined. Members of families stricken with the disease had been attending the district school and it is feared that all of the children in the school have been exposed to the disease.

"We do not consider the conditions as being anything to be frightened about," said Town Chairman Pacey, "but the school at Salem Center, just outside the village was closed by the board and it is probable that it will be kept closed until the disease is well in check."

JURY RETURNS VERDICT OF GUILT IN 30 MINUTES

State's Attorney Dady scored a decisive victory Saturday afternoon when a jury in County court, after thirty minutes deliberation returned a verdict finding John Walker guilty of having voted illegally at the Zion City election last April. An offense of this character is punishable by a fine of not to exceed one thousand dollars, one year in jail, or both at the discretion of the court.

It was admitted from the first that the case was practically a test case and that upon it might depend the verdicts that will be rendered in many of the 190 cases that are coming up for trial on similar charges. The attorneys finished their argument and the jury was instructed shortly after 12 o'clock. They then had dinner and in approximately 30 minutes after entering their jury room, they reappeared with a verdict.

It is understood that this case as well as others in which the defendants may be found guilty will be appealed.

LAKE COUNTY WOODMEN PROTEST AGAINST RAISING OF RATES

Mass Meeting of Woodmen of Lake County Held at Waukegan Saturday

AGAINST PLAN OF READJUSTMENT

Proposed Rates, It Is Felt, Would Eventually Kill the Order and that it is an Unnecessary Step With Ulterior Motives Backing It

At a meeting of the camps of the Modern Woodmen of America, of the County of Lake, held Saturday evening at M. W. A. hall in Waukegan, Illinois in pursuance of a call of the committee appointed to consider the proposed changes of rates and plan of insurance, as submitted by the committee appointed, in pursuance of an action of the head camp at Buffalo, N. Y., in June, 1911. Wm. F. Edwards of Highland Park was chosen Chairman and Conrad Hollstein of Waukegan was chosen Secretary.

A general discussion was had and Neighbor C. T. Heydecker presented two proposed plans, being the whole life insurance and the term life insurance, and the question was also considered as to the necessity of any change in the rate.

Neighbor C. T. Heydecker presented figures showing the facts as to the necessity for an increase of rates and said in substance it appears from the Head Clerk's statement in the January, 1912, Woodmen, that the balance on deposit amounts to the sum of \$2,270,062.75; from the same report Benefit Investment Fund \$6,170,021.23; making a total, as shown by the said report of \$8,440,084.42.

In the same January issue of the Modern Woodman appears in the proceedings of the November meeting of the Board of Directors as to the Benefit Fund available, \$9,419,828.02; claims allowed and remaining unpaid and contingent claims, aggregating a total liability on the Benefit Fund of \$1,533,939.80; leaving a net surplus over the payment of all claims, of \$7,885,888.22; so that there seems to be over and above every possible claim on the Benefit Fund at the November meeting, a surplus of between seven and eight million dollars, and the treasury box is still secure.

In making some figures to illustrate the proposed change of rates on the two plans, they disclose the following facts:

If a member joins at 18 and his rate changes at 45 and again at 54 and he should live until 70 years old, he will have paid in a thousand and eight dollars. If upon becoming a member at 18 he continues to pay his whole life at the proposed rate of 75c and should live until he is 70 years old he will have paid \$416.00. If a member enters at the age of 45 and remains living until he reaches the age of 70 he will have paid in \$792.00, if the rate is changed at the age of 54. If he enters at 45 and has no change of rate he will have paid in \$600.00. If the member at the time of the adoption of these rates is upwards of the age of 54, it becomes necessary to pay in \$3.00 on each assessment, with twelve assessments a year, which, when he is 70 years old, would cost him \$376.00.

These figures will plainly show that on the whole life plan the young man can become a member and live until he is 70 and pay much less for his life's insurance than the man can become a member at 45 and lives his life.

The Term Plan as proposed will make the figures appear more ridiculous and will drive the member after arriving at the age of 54 from the order.

This term plan proposed for writing insurance from 18 to 45 terminating at the age of 50, 60 or 70, at the option of the member and should the member live longer than the age at which his

policy is written, his membership ceases so that under this plan he will have to die before the age limit is reached, and if he does not then he loses what he has paid in.

The options provided for under either of these plans need not be discussed for the reason that they merely provide a way by which the member can avail himself of the provisions of either of these plans, and in a measure might lighten his burden for the time being, deducting such "lightening of burden" by taking it from the amount which would otherwise go to his beneficiary.

The meeting was a very harmonious and enthusiastic one, and at the conclusion of the discussion, the following pre-amble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, there appears from the records published in the Modern Woodman for January, 1912, that there is a surplus of \$8,500,000.00 to the credit of benefit fund:

And, Whereas, from said official paper it also appears that there is available in the benefit fund for the payment of death benefits the sum of about \$9,500,000.00 and that the aggregate claims against said funds are about \$1,500,000.00;

And, Whereas, there appears that there is a surplus in the benefit fund amounting to about seven to eight million dollars, accumulated on the present rating and number of assessments collected;

Whereas, it appears that the present rate of assessments and number of assessments collected each year is sufficient to pay all death benefits and create the surplus of benefit funds now existing;

Therefore, Be It Resolved by the Camps of Lake County that the delegates to the head camp to meet in Chicago at its adjourned session, be and are hereby requested to use all honorable means in their power to defeat an increase or re-adjustment of the rates now established and existing in the Modern Woodmen of America;

And Be It Further Resolved, that it is the sense of this meeting, composed of the various camps of Lake County, that the proposed new rate of assessment should not be passed at the adjourned meeting of the head camp, to be held in Chicago;

And, Be It Further Resolved, that a committee be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting to attend said head camp meeting, and use their best endeavors to defeat such change in rate;

And, Be It Further Resolved, that the Clerk of this meeting be instructed to transmit to said delegates a copy of this pre-amble and resolution;

And Be It Further Resolved that copies of this pre-amble and resolution be furnished to the local papers of the City of Waukegan for publication.

The Chair thereupon appointed as such Committee: Neighbors C. T. Heydecker, L. O. Brockway, Wm. Hoban, Wm. Kuebker, W. F. Edwards, W. F. Mead, Wm. Donner, John E. Reardon, E. G. Payne, Frank L. Carr, J. C. James, W. J. Smith, Wayne Stupey, C. W. Pettis, Bert Easton, James Campbell, Chris Johnson, together with the Consul of each and every camp in the county.

Meeting thereupon adjourned. WILLIAM F. EDWARDS, Chairman CONRAD HOLLSTEIN, Secretary.

DIES FROM TYPHOID FEVER

Miss Lena Drury Dies at the Home of Her Uncle From Dread Disease

Miss Lena Drury, 16 years of age, died at 4 o'clock Saturday morning, at the home of her aunt, Mrs. William Strang, 825 Grand avenue Waukegan, after suffering from typhoid fever for nearly three weeks.

Miss Drury had been making her home with Mr. and Mrs. Strang for some time. A little over three weeks ago, Mrs. Strang was called to Chicago on account of the illness of her mother, leaving Miss Drury in charge of the house. Mrs. Strang was in Chicago but a few days when Lena complained to her uncle of feeling ill. She laughed at the suggestion of a doctor, however, saying she would work it off in a day or two. Mr. Strang complied with her request that no doctor be called, but two days later she became so much worse that Dr. Tombaugh was summoned and pronounced the case typhoid fever.

The doctor said that by the time he reached the bedside, the girl was delirious and he recognized at once the seriousness of the case. Nothing that was done seemed to have any effect, and she continued to fail until the end came.

She leaves to mourn her three brothers, Ben Drury of Chester, Wash., Erwin Drury of Waukegan and Leo Drury of Chester, Wash.; three sisters; Mrs. F. Harden and Mrs. Wm. Hook of Antioch and Miss Aura Drury of Waukegan.

The funeral was held on Tuesday with interment in the Avon Center cemetery.

HURT BY A FALLING TREE

Jess Denman of Millburn Seriously Hurt While Chopping Down Trees.

Jess Denman, 23 years of age a groom of less than three months is lying at the German-American hospital at Chicago in a precarious condition as a result of the falling of a tree Friday.

Denman, with his brother-in-law, George White, were chopping down trees near Millburn, and in the afternoon attacked one of the largest trees in the grove on the Denman farm. With White working on the other, they had the huge tree almost down, when, without warning, the tree split and fell.

White managed by jumping, to escape injury by a hair's breadth, but Denman was caught under the fallen tree, and pinned to the ground. Hastily summoning help, White assisted in releasing his companion. It was found the young man had sustained several broken ribs and internal injuries, the tree falling across his abdomen.

He was removed to his home, which was not far distant, and there it was discovered that his condition was grave. He was removed Saturday to the German-American hospital in Chicago, and it is stated his chances of recovery are good.

His young wife who was formerly Miss Margaret White is ill from the shock. The couple were married at Millburn less than three months ago.

POLICEMAN SAVES FAMILY FROM BEING BURNED

Harvey Hyde of the North Chicago police force, saved four from being burned to death by fire Sunday night.

Mr. Hyde rescued Mrs. Steve Dempsey and her three children, and carried them into the street in their night clothes. Mrs. Dempsey and her children were fast asleep when Hyde entered their room.

The fire in the Dempsey residence broke out about 10:30 Sunday night. Hyde who travels the North Side beat in North Chicago discovered the fire. Before he summoned the department, he rescued the four from the building.

Flames were belching from the roof and windows of the second story when the department arrived on the scene. The firemen battled for two hours before they succeeded in extinguishing the fire. The loss to the building and the house furnishings will amount to about \$1,500.

The second floor of the building was unoccupied. Dempsey was in Waukegan when the fire broke out. His wife and three children are being quartered in a neighbor's home.

That Point of View. Mr. Rooster—The trouble with you, Mr. Owl, is that you keep bad hours. Everybody ought to go to bed about sunset and get up just before daylight.—Life.

Naturally So. "All the parts in this play are fat parts." "They have to be when the play is self is laid in Greece."

VOTE CASES WILE COST \$150,000

Trials Now Being Held Will Be Expensive if all the Cases are Tried

ONE HUNDRED NINETY CASES

Second Case of Alleged Illegal Voting at Zion City is Being Tried in County Court This Week

If everyone of the hundred ninety cases against those who are charged with having voted illegally at the recent Zion City election are heard in the county court and they prove as long as did the first case which was heard last week, the county will have been to an expense of approximately one hundred fifty thousand dollars.

This is very easy to figure out. Each juror received three dollars a day for his services. Many of them come long distances and this together with a meal which they are given if they have been given a case and are unable to leave the jury room unaccompanied, makes the cost about \$4 a day for each juror. The case lasted five days, making a cost of \$20 for each juror. There are thirty-six jurors which brings the cost up to \$720.

There are 190 cases, which multiplied by \$720 brings the total up to \$136,800. There are other incidental expenses which will raise the total somewhat. Some say that the total cost will be about \$150,000 if all the cases are tried.

The cost of witnesses cannot be charged against the county as they are charged against the defendant in case each defendant is tried and found guilty, and is fined by the court the fines will be turned in to the county and will lessen the amount of expense for trying the cases.

Tuesday afternoon the case of Wm. Pinkett, negro, charged with having voted illegally at the Zion City election, came up for trial and it is expected that the work of impanneling a jury will be started.

It is quite possible however that an agreement will be reached between the attorneys in the case to dispatch the sheriff to the most remote parts of the county to subpoena a jury in an effort to secure a jury that has not heard much of the case. If this is done it will be done at the request of Attorney Barnes for the defense who requested that this be done in order that there might be the least possibility of getting a jury which might be biased. If this is done it may delay the hearing of the case.

All the facts in the case are not known as yet. It is said, however that Pinkett will seek to show that he formerly resided in Zion City and that he maintained a residence there despite the fact that he is said to reside in Chicago at the present time.

The state will seek to show that Pinkett resided in Zion City only thirty days prior to the election last spring and that he has a divorce suit pending in Chicago. The case promises to be even more interesting than was the case tried last week in which John Walker was found guilty of voting illegally.

HANDLED SEAL SALE IN A VERY NOVEL MANNER

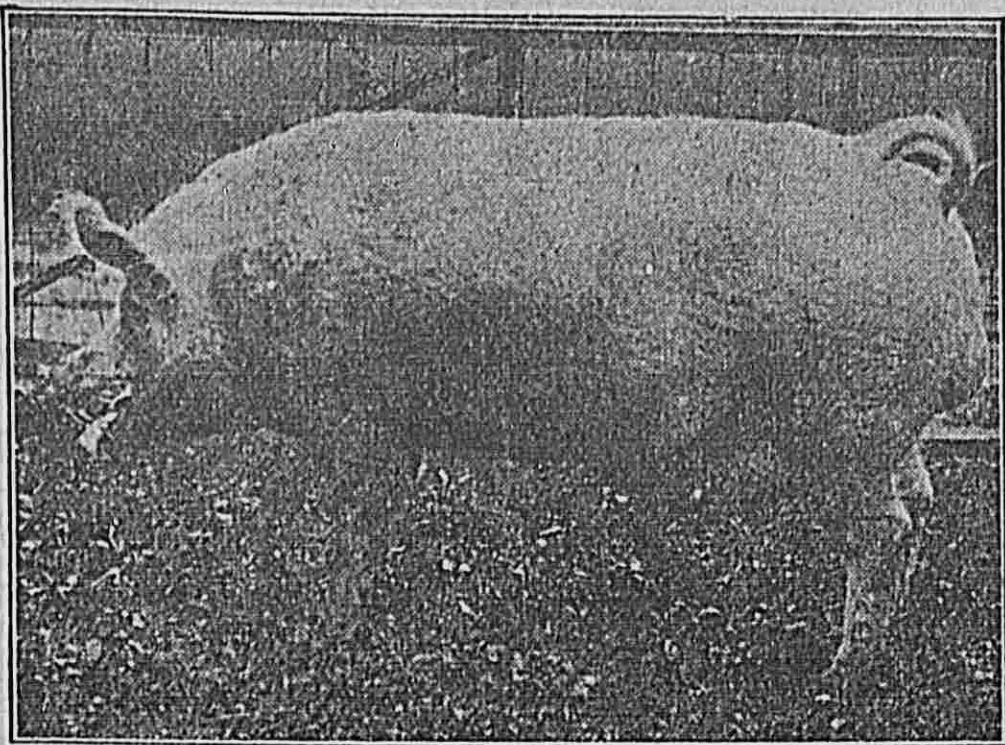
In speaking of the Christmas sales of Red Cross Seals, Dr. Waterson stated that, while not enough returns have been received for him to say anything with regard to the banner town, Lake Forest has done splendidly. The Lake Forest sales were under the supervision of Dr. M. Olive Read, whose system of conducting the campaign was to judge the number every man should buy and then mail him that number.

Out of the 20,000 seals sent to Dr. Read for the Christmas sale, she has returned only 2,158, her check for the business done being for \$178.42. Lake Forest has a population of but 8,849, making an average per capita sale of a little over five seals. This whole campaign was conducted by Dr. Read at a cost of but \$1.35.

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or further information: MERRILL & ILL, 648 Grandville St., Vancouver, B. C.

HOW BEST TO ATTAIN CONTINUOUS AND UNIFORM SUCCESS IN SWINE FEEDING



Health, Size and Vigor in Swine.

By WILLIAM DIETRICH,
Assistant Professor of Swine Husbandry, University of Illinois.

As one observes different swine feeders the country over, it is distinctly noticeable that different individuals attain entirely different degrees of success. Some people are able to feed pigs so that they attain a live weight of approximately 300 pounds at eight months of age, while others are not able to make pigs weigh more than two-thirds of this amount at the same age. Besides there are all degrees of variation between these extremes, and even beyond them. Then some people are successful at times and not so successful at other times. Some individuals are very successful at raising pigs that are farrowed in the spring, and not successful with those that are farrowed in the fall. In studying the conditions that surround all these variations, certain fundamental facts or principles are observed that invariably are followed, either consciously or unconsciously, in successful swine feeding and that are always ignored where a fair degree of success is not attained.

From the standpoint of most practical feeders, swine are usually fed a combination of various feeds that have been found by experience to produce good results. This is good practice so long as the combination of feeds and other factors is fitted to the conditions under which the pigs are fed for the time being. There are, however, some feeds of a strictly nitrogenous nature and others of a carbonaceous nature. Therefore it requires the correct combination between these to be uniformly successful in swine feeding.

A better basis for compounding rations is the nutrients that the different feeds contain. Corn, for instance, is made up, approximately, of 7 carbohydrate, or non-nitrogenous material, to 1 of crude protein, or nitrogenous material. The former is available to the animal's body for energy production, heat production, and fat production; while the latter is primarily used to build up and maintain the lean meat of protein tissues of the body. It may also be used to a large extent for the purposes for which the carbohydrate is used but not so advantageously or economically. Consequently it should not be supplied in greater amounts than is necessary for the development and maintenance of the lean meat or protein tissues of the body.

Some rations do not contain enough of this protein matter, so that the animal cannot grow as rapidly as it ought. It is absolutely impossible for the body to make lean meat or protein

tissue out of carbohydrate or fat of any feed. It must have protein for this purpose. Consequently it is absolutely necessary in order to compound successful rations for swine feeding to have a proper combination of nitrogenous and carbonaceous foods, so that the pig will get the right amount of each of these nutrients.

While many feeders are successful by using the feeds as a basis for compounding the ration, the results of swine feeding, as a whole, are not as uniformly successful as they should be. This is due very largely to the fact that when feeds are used as a basis rations frequently contain either too much or too little of one or more of the different nutrients that make up these feeds. In order, therefore, to be uniformly successful, it becomes necessary to use, as a basis for calculating rations for swine, the different nutrients that are found in the feeds.

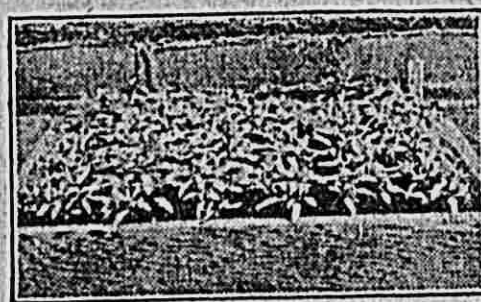
The process of digestion in swine, as well as in other animals, is simply a process by means of which the feeds taken into the digestive tract are reduced to their component parts or nutrients, such as protein, carbohydrate, mineral matter and water. These are then taken out of the digestive tract and into the body proper, where by means of the general metabolism, or the different body processes, they are used in building up the various body tissues. In order, then, to have enough but no more than is necessary to constitute the best ration, the proper amount of each of these substances called food nutrients should be supplied, so that the animal's body as a whole can construct and maintain its framework or bony tissues, wherein mineral matter is largely used; the lean meat, wherein protein is used; and the fat meat, wherein both carbohydrate and the fat of the feeds are used. In addition to these the pig, in its general metabolism, or the working of the body as a machine, needs certain amounts of water, which must be supplied, especially in winter when the natural instinct of the pig may not compel it to drink a sufficient quantity. If, in addition to these, the pig is given the right amount of exercise, especially in winter, swine feeding should be uniformly successful in the hands of all intelligent feeders and at all seasons of the year, in the fall and winter as well as in the spring and summer.

The limits of this discussion are such that the amounts of the different food nutrients for successful swine feeding cannot be given at this time. The reader, therefore, is referred to a future article.

VALUE OF HOTBEDS FOR GARDENS

By C. E. DURST,
University of Illinois.

A garden is one of the many blessings and privileges of farm life. It is a privilege as well of the city person with a small space of land at his disposal. Not only does it contribute much to the pleasure and health side of life by supplying fresh vegetables for the table, but it is distinctly a paying proposition as well.



Young Tomato Plants.

These are started in a shallow box placed before a south window and are of proper size for shifting to outdoor beds.

Every good gardener prepares for his hotbeds in the fall. He selects a well-drained location with southern exposure and protection from cold winds. He plows or digs up the ground, so handling it that it is left with a distinct pitch to the south. He also collects a supply of good garden loam, or rotted sod soil made by piling up sod a year in advance. This may be stored away in a cellar or piled on the outside and covered with manure sometime before needed in the spring. Besides the soil he

makes provision for a supply of well-rotted manure and sand. From these materials he will make the soil in which to grow his plants.

During the early part of the winter the ground is allowed to freeze. This will destroy insects, diseases and weed seeds. About one month before it is desired to start the beds the site is covered, when there is no snow or ice upon it, with one or two feet of fresh horse manure, which will thaw out the soil. Having provided well for drainage in the fall, the ground will usually be in fine condition for digging.

The above direction pertains to cases where temporary frames are in use. Some persons prefer to have permanent frames made from boards, bricks or cement. These save the work of resetting every year, but do not permit of the advantages obtained from plowing up the site each year. In case permanent frames are used, the beds may be dug out in the fall and filled with manure, left as they are and covered in the usual way one month before wishing to make them.

The time to make a hotbed in the spring varies with the latitude and the crop. It should be made two weeks before the seeds need planting. This will allow the violent heat of the manure to subside somewhat. The "cool season" vegetables, like cabbage, cauliflower, beets and lettuce, should be planted here about February 15, while the "warm season" crops, such as tomatoes, eggplants and peppers, should not be started until March 1 to 15.

Besides the difference in the time of planting, the "warm season" crops require a warmer bed than the "cool season" group. It is better, therefore, to have separate beds for the two kinds of crops.

JAMES T. HARAHAAN KILLED IN WRECK

Former Illinois Central President and Other Prominent Men Die Together.

F. C. MELCHER AMONG VICTIMS

Vice-President of Rock Island Railroad Slain Instantly, with E. B. Peirce and E. E. Wright—Rear-End Collision on Illinois Central Cause.

Decatur, Ill., Jan. 22.—James T. Harahan, former president of the Illinois Central railway, was killed early this morning in a wreck here on the main line of the Illinois Central in which four other lives were lost and a score of persons were injured.

General Wright's son, E. E. Wright, a Memphis lawyer; F. O. Melcher, vice-president, and E. B. Peirce, general solicitor of the Chicago & Rock Island railway, who were riding in Mr. Harahan's coach, were also killed.

Cause of the Wreck. The wreck occurred when a south-bound passenger train crashed into the rear of the New Orleans flit at the Kinnmundy, Ill., station. Mr. Harahan's private coach, which was coupled to the rear of the New Or-



James T. Harahan, Sr.

leans train, was demolished by the impact.

Thirty-five passengers, most of whom were unidentified, were taken from the wreckage injured.

The Known Dead. JAMES T. HARAHAAN, retired president Illinois Central railroad.

E. B. PEIRCE, general solicitor Rock Island railroad.

F. O. MELCHER, vice-president Rock Island railroad.

E. E. WRIGHT, son of General Luke Wright, former secretary of war.

Wrecked Cars Take Fire. Fire from the overturned locomotive communicated itself to the coaches and to the horror of the first catastrophe was added the fear of the death of many injured persons in the flames.

Mr. Harahan's train, No. 25, had just drawn into the Kinnmundy station, when without warning passenger train No. 3, running at a high speed, swung into the stationary coaches.

The rear lights of train No. 25 are believed to have become extinguished in some manner and the engineer of the following train failed to see the danger in time to apply his brakes.

Crash Heard for Miles. With a crash that was heard for nearly two miles the pilot of train No. 3 drove into the heavy private coach of the ex-railway president.

The pilot of the oncoming locomotive plowed for twenty feet into the vestibule private coach, instantly killing every person in that part of the car.

Harahan Picked Up Dead.

Mr. Harahan was tossed through the splintering roof of the coach and was picked up dead a few feet away from the wreckage. His body was fearfully cut and bruised and many bones were broken.

A few feet from the body of Mr. Harahan was found the body of Mr. Peirce. The bodies of Melcher and E. E. Wright were found partially pinned beneath a fallen mass of crushed wood and twisted ironwork. They were dragged out by railway men and placed at the side of the track.

Passengers Killed in Berths.

The front end of the Harahan car telescoped into the coach ahead, and a number of passengers asleep in their berths were injured, some of them fatally.

Bravely Met Death He Feared.

Dr. Samuel Johnson, who feared death as much as any man of whom there is any record, when told that his end was near, refused the opiates to which he had been accustomed.

New and Useful Combination.

Using a bed of heavy rubber instead of slate, a Pennsylvanian has invented a combination billiard and pool table that can be folded, to be put out of the way when not in use.

LOST 61 POUNDS.

Another Terrible Case of Gravel Cured By Doan's Kidney Pills. Chas. Understein, 60 W. 44th St., Chicago, Ill., says: "Kidney trouble ran me down from 196 to 136 pounds and I was but a shadow of my former self."

Oh! how I suffered. I became so bad the doctors said my left side was paralyzed. I could not walk without assistance. I grew worse and went to a hospital but was not helped. My friends all thought I would die. Three weeks after I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I passed a gravel stone as large as a pea. The stones continued to pass at intervals. I passed eleven in one day. Doan's Kidney Pills finally cured me and I have had no kidney trouble since.

"When Your Back Is Lame, Remember the Name—DOAN'S." 50c. all stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE WAY NOWADAYS.



Hoax—My daughter has reached the age when a girl begins to think of marriage. Joaz—Just seven years old, eh?

Valor and Discretion. "What is the difference between valor and discretion?" remarked Mrs. Brown, looking up from the paper in which she had been reading the leading article on the operations in Tripoli.

"Valor," replied Brown, "is bawling into the ear of a champion pugilist the assertion that he is a ruffian you could knock into fits."

"And discretion?"

"Is doing it over the telephone."

DISFIGURED WITH CRUSTS

"Some time ago I was taken with eczema from the top of my head to my waist. It began with scales on my body. I suffered untold itching and burning, and could not sleep. I was greatly disfigured with scales and crusts. My ears looked as if they had been most cut off with a razor, and my neck was perfectly raw. I suffered untold agony and pain. I tried two doctors who said I had eczema in its fullest stage, and that it could not be cured. I then tried other remedies to no avail. At last, I tried a set of the genuine Cuticura Remedies, which cured me of eczema when all else had failed, therefore I cannot praise them too highly.

"I suffered with eczema about ten months, but am now entirely cured, and I believe Cuticura Remedies are the best skin cure there is." (Signed) Miss Mattie J. Shaffer, R. F. D. 1, Box 8, Dancy, Miss., Oct. 27, 1910.

"I had suffered from eczema about four years when boils began to break out on different parts of my body. It started with a fine red rash. My back was affected first, when it also spread over my face. The itching was almost unbearable at times. I tried different soaps and salves, but nothing seemed to help me until I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. One box of them cured me entirely. I recommended them to my sister, for her baby who was troubled with tooth eczema, and they completely cured her baby." (Signed) Mrs. F. L. Marberger, Drehserville, Pa., Sept. 6, 1910.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to "Cuticura," Dept. L, Boston.

It's easier for a young man to write a satisfactory love letter during courtship than it is to write a satisfactory check after marriage.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething; softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. a bottle.

The motto of a grass widow: "Once stung, always shy."

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LA XATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GILROY. It led the World over to Cures a Cold in One Day. 25c.

No man ever abuses an enemy as much as he does his stomach.

An Every-Day Creed. I desire to radiate health, cheerfulness, sincerity, calm courage and good will. I wish to live without hate, whim, jealousy, envy or fear. I wish to be simple, honest, natural, frank, clean in mind and clean in body, unaffected, ready to say, "I do not know." If so it be, to meet all men on an absolute equality, to face any obstacle and meet every difficulty unafraid and unabashed. I wish others to live their lives, too, up to their highest, fullest and best. To that end I pray that I may never meddle, dictate, interfere, give advice that is not wanted, nor assist when my services are not needed. If I can help people I'll do it by giving them a chance to help themselves; and if I can uplift or inspire let it be by example. That is to say, I desire to be radiant—to radiate life.—Elbert Hubbard.

CREAM OF RYE For health and energy eat it for breakfast. Reduces cost of living. Free Silver Spoon in every package. Ask your grocer for a package.

Chorus Girl Repartee. Trixie—O' you're not such a much! Zaza—No? I don't see any Pittsburgh millionaire's picture on your bureau, either!—Christmas Puck.

Stop the Pain. The hurt of a burn or a cut stops when Cole's Carbolsalve is applied. It heals quickly and prevents scars. 25c and 60c by druggists. For free sample write to J. W. Cole & Co., Black River Falls, Wis.

The man who is compelled to toe the mark may develop into a chronic kicker.

Hamlin's Wizard Oil is recommended by many physicians. It is used in many public and private hospitals. Why not keep a bottle on hand in your own home?

Money makes the mare go; the lack of it makes her go hungry.

The Fountain Head of Life Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgement.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.



A fresh hand-made cigar, so rich in quality that many smokers prefer it to most 10c cigars. Tell the dealer you want Lewis' Single Binder.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$2.25, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4 & \$5 SHOES

All Styles, All Leathers, All Sizes and Widths, for Men, Women and Boys.

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take no substitute.

HOW TO ORDER BY MAIL. Shoes Sent Everywhere—All Charges Prepaid. W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap-toe; heavy, medium or light sole. If the largest shoe mail order size nearest the world. Illus. Catalogue Free. No. 100/1044, 110 South Dearborn, Chicago, Ill.



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SMOKE

MAIL POUCH

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1912

ATHLETICS AND WORK.

There is a good old German custom, followed by the Imperial family of the Hohenzollerns, as well as by the lowliest, of teaching every boy a trade. No matter how much wealth and responsibility he is to inherit, no matter how thorough his mental education may be, he is also taught to use his hands skillfully in some useful line of work, whether it be a carpenter, a machinist, a shoemaker or what not. Possibly this is not the sole reason why the German empire shows more aggressive vitality today than any nation in Europe, but it is one of the contributing causes. It is a part of the German notion that a sound, healthy body is a necessary condition precedent to vigorous mental development, says the Indianapolis Star. They are the famous athletes of modern times, but they wisely devote a large part of the muscular energy they develop to some useful pursuit. We have had a great awakening on the value of athletics in the past two decades, and we have carried it somewhat to extremes, as we do almost everything else. American boys, from the grammar schools to their graduating year in the university, devote a lot of their spare time to pure athletics. It were better if they were more moderate in such exercise as is more play and expended some of their time and energy in learning and practicing a useful trade.

It is not in its reasonable and legitimate use that the aeroplane is an extremely dangerous vehicle. The flight of Rodgers across the continent shows this, just as the lesser flight of Atwood from Chicago to New York showed it and as other distance flying in this country and Europe has shown it. It is the performing of circus "stunts" at exhibitions that has caused the long death roll of aeroplaning. Its victims have been for the most part out for altitude records or have been tilting their machines almost edgewise up aloft before gaping multitudes, where each aviator goes into the air with the determination to outdo the one who has just descended in the performance of thrilling feats. Those who have done simple flying with the object of getting somewhere, making safety and not sensationalism a prime consideration, are not generally numbered among aviation's dead.

There are probably sounds in nature too acute to be distinguished by the human ear which may, however, be perfectly clear to the auditory sense of other members of the animal kingdom. It has been claimed that ants have the most perfect sound-producing organs that have yet been discovered in insects, says Harper's Weekly. These are situated upon certain segments of the abdomen, the sounds being produced by rubbing. But nobody has ever heard these ant voices, although many authorities are convinced of their existence. An attempt was made to hear them with the aid of the microphone, but the only sound detected was that made by the crawling of the ants.

A medical journal has started a campaign against the beloved student pipe, alleging that students who smoke are not those standing highest in their classes. This journal is behind the times, holding the antiquated idea that college students in these strenuous days go there to study.

Russia threatens to retaliate by ceasing to purchase American-made sewing machines. This leaves us helpless. We can't get even by refusing to consume Russian caviar, because our entire supply comes from Sandusky, Ohio.

A college professor now advances into the limelight to remark that women are nearer a savage state than men. They will be, if college professors do not stop these uncomplimentary analyses.

If those fruit growers who are asking everybody to eat a barrel of apples this winter will send them along in the form of cider they will get all the action they want.

Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the kaiser, is organizing an aeroplane company. Of course, there will be plenty of loyal investors to take flyers in the stock.

That Tired Feeling.
Johnny (very tired)—Auntie, my eyelids won't stay up any longer."

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

FURNISHED BY
Lake County Title and Trust Co.
Abstracts of Title, Titles Guaranteed.
MASONIC TEMPLAR BUILDING
WAUKEGAN ILLINOIS
LOUIS J. GURNEE Secretary.

Anna Meyer and hus et al to C W Spinner 220 acres in sec 32, Fremont twp and in sec 5, Ela Twp w d \$15000 00
Charlotte Schoenbeck to Henry Scholenbeck et al 16 1/2 acres nw 1/4 sec 36, Vernon Twp w d 1 00
Doratha A. Sabin and hus to Village of Antioch a part lot 29, County Clerk's sub Antioch w d 700 00
Mary Geddis to H W Drew pt w 1/2 sec 24, Cuba Twp w d 4810 00

AUCTION SALE

The undersigned will sell at Public Auction on his farm 5 miles east of Antioch and 2 miles north of Millburn, known as the Wm. Thom farm, on Thursday, February, 1st Commencing at 10 o'clock sharp the following property to-wit:
58 Head of Live Stock—
15 Head of Horses—2 bay brooding mares 13 years old, weight 1400 and 1500; gray mare 9 years old, in foal, weight 1500; black driving mare 6 years old, weight 1100; bay driver, 4 years old, weight 1200; black gelding 3 years old weight 1400; black gelding coming 3 years old, weight 1350; bay mare coming 3 years old, weight 1200; bay mare coming 2 years old, weight 1100; bay gelding coming 3 years old, weight 1100; gray gelding coming 3 years old, weight 1000; black driver coming 3 years old; 2 driving horses coming one year.

43 Head of Cattle—10 milch cows fresh 2 months, 11 will be fresh by date of sale, 15 yearling heifers, 6 calves 2 months old, 1 Durham bull coming 2 years.
Farm Implements—2 lumber wagons nearly new, truck wagon 4 inch tire, milk wagon, surry, corn binder, grain binder, Deer hay loader, Champion mower, 2 riding cultivators, hay rack, riding plow, gang plow, walking plow, Seeder, pulverizer, 3-section drag, 4-section drag, corn planter, feed grinder, manure spreader, gasoline engine 5-hr., power, 2 tank heaters, 2 hay racks, bob sleigh, cream separator, 2 churns, butter worker, 4 milk cans, incubator, 4 set work harness, double driving harness, single harness, saddle, 2 set fly nets, horse clippers, 8 sows, 11 shoats, 200 chickens, 9 geese, 9 ducks, 20 tons hay in barn, some corn shocks, 2000 bu. corn, 1700 bu. oats, 30 bu. barley, 20 bu. potatoes, 20 bu. seed corn, cook stove new, 50 posts, fanning mill.
Free lunch at noon.
Usual terms.

NICK LUKIN, Prop.
T. J. Cunningham, Auctioneer.
J. E. Brook, Clerk.

Evil Bound to Spread.
There is no sort of wrong deeds of which a man can bear the punishment alone. You cannot isolate yourself and say that the evil that is in you shall not spread. Men's lives are as thoroughly blended with each other as the air they breathe. Evil spreads as necessarily as disease.—George Elliot.

Few Have.
Miss Scribble—The heroine of my next story is to be one of those modern advanced girls who have ideas of their own and don't want to get married. The colonel (politely)—Ah, indeed, I don't think I ever met that type.—Life.

Boarders Take Risks.
If a boarding-house keeper in Austria having a leased house sublets rooms to boarders and then falls to pay the rent of the house the lessor may levy for payment against everything in the house, regardless of the ownership thereof.

Nature's Beauty Hidden.
Nature, as we all know, is never at home to the mere sightseer or idle spectator. Stare at her straight in the face, and you will see nothing; it is only the casual side glance which is rewarded by the sight of anything new or substantial.—Henry C. Merwin.

Didn't Tell the Whole Truth.
A woman preacher says that her sex is to blame for most of the divorces. One might go even further and state that if it were not for her sex there wouldn't be any divorces.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Callisthenics.
"Those Latin races use a great many gestures when they talk." "Yes," replied the busy man; "and it's a mighty good idea. It enables you to take your physical culture right along with your ordinary exercise."

The Accompaniment.
Rubinstein once declared to some one that he was descended from one of the Crusaders who accompanied Richard Coeur de Lion to Palestine. "On the piano, presumably," was the smiling response.

'FEED THE FISH' IS A NEW CHORE

Farmer Boys of Kansas Have Added Duties Under State's Recent Experiment.

ENCOURAGE THE PONDS

Grinding Grain for Flinn Charges Added to the Morning and Evening Duties—Fun, Food and Profit Is Triple Idea Being Urged.

Topeka, Kan. — Kansas farmers' small boys are having new chores added to their before and after school work. In the morning they have to bring up the cows and horses, help feed the pigs and milk the cows and curdy the horses and in evening they have to bring in the wood for mother and gather eggs and milk the cows and feed the pigs and put down hay for the horses. Their new stunt will be to feed the fish. It will not be very long until nearly every Kansas farmer will call out to his son or the hired man: "Henry, as soon as you finish milking go over and grind some feed for the fish." That sounds like a pretty strange direction for a farmer to make, but there will be several thousand more next year and in the years to come. When Prof. L. L. Dyche of the State university was made fish and game warden he was told that his chief job was to make the fish industry worth while in Kansas.

The state has just let the contract for 83 new ponds, covering 80 acres of ground as an addition to its fish hatchery at Pratt, and when the ponds are completed Kansas will have the largest fish hatchery in the country. One million minnows a year is the capacity of the new hatchery, and all of these will be furnished free of



Feeding the Fish.

charge for breeding purposes to the Kansas farmers and sportsmen. The new hatchery will cost \$75,000, including the land, nearly 100 acres being purchased. There are now seven ponds at the hatchery and about 70,000 fish are distributed each year.

"If every farmer in Kansas will grow one mess of fish a week for his own family, it will mean \$1,250,000 added to the revenues of Kansas each year," said Prof. Dyche. "If they are careful and sell a few fish each year, the revenues of the state will be increased from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 a year. Fish are the easiest grown and most productive crop that can be raised on a farm. A half acre pond will return more to the farmer each year than any five acres he owns and with the least work."

Kansas has two reasons for increasing the fish production in Kansas. One is to increase the revenues and pleasures of the farmers themselves and the other is to increase the water area of the state. As is well known, the heaviest rainfall follows the water courses of any state, and by increasing the area of water away from the streams, it is believed that the rainfall throughout the state will be increased.

The state refunds one-half the taxes on all farm property made into ponds of certain size and of certain materials. The ponds are to be filled either by pumping or by storing the winter rains and snow.

Every farmer who will build a pond will be supplied with fish and taught how to take care of them. Correspondence courses in building ponds and in caring for fish have been installed at the state university and the state agricultural college.

Fifth Twins for Family.
Shawnee, Okla.—The fifth set of twins has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Brown. The new arrivals are boys. The Browns were married seven years ago, and all ten of their children are living.

Falls With Dynamite Load.
Seattle, Wash.—Henry Thompson, aged 46, a rancher living at Pacific City, stumbled and fell in his yard while carrying a bomb of 15 sticks of dynamite with cap and fuse attached and was blown to pieces.

J. C. James, Jr.

Justice of the Peace and Notary Public

Real Estate

Both Farm and Lake Property

Fire Insurance Agent for Several Good Companies

Accident, and Life Insurance, Reasonable Rates and Good Companies

J. C. James, Jr., Antioch, Ill.



Where we get off in selling a little better character of shoes at the price as others charge, is in your continued satisfaction. It's no accident that our business keeps growing and growing. It is owing to our plan of giving you better service than you can get elsewhere. Make us prove it.

J. R. CRIBB
The City Shoe Store

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Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communication strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
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Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Do Well the Thing at Hand.
Don't waste life in doubts and fears; spend yourself on the work before you, well assured that the right performance of the hour's duties will be the best preparation for the hours of ages that follow.—Emerson.

Recipe for Success.
Keep your head cool—your feet warm—your mind busy. Don't worry over trifles. Plan your work ahead, then stick to it, rain or shine. Don't waste sympathy on yourself. If you are a gem, someone will find you. Don't whine. Tell people you are a failure and they will believe you. Talk and act like a winner, and in time you will become one.—Stephen Harte.

One's Real Country.
Country is not a mere zone of territory. The true country is the ideal to which it gives birth; it is the thought of love, the sense of communion, which unites in one all sons of the territory.—Joseph Mazzini.

We Live Too Fast for Diaries.
"When the inner history of the crisis is told by the private diaries of today," remarks the "Observer," in reference to the rather amusing political situation of the moment, "Well, we stop there with the query: Is there a private diarist? Is there a man in this hurried age who goes home and sits down, tired with action, faces the splendid industry of the diary, and makes it up?—London Chronicle.

OFTEN MAKES A QUICK NEED FOR THE CURE THAT'S SURE
DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS WHOOPING COUGH AND ALL TROUBLES OF THROAT AND LUNGS
PROMPT USE WILL OFTEN PREVENT
PNEUMONIA AND CONSUMPTION
PRICE 50c and \$1.00
SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY
Sold by B. H. OVERTON, Druggist

What are the **TAXES** on Your **FARM**?
Would they be a nickel more each year if you increased your output one-third?
IF WE SHOW YOU that on a moderate investment it will earn you each year at the least 50 per cent outside of the saving of labor, and without figuring the added size of your manure pile would you entertain a proposition whereby we furnish the article and it shall earn every cent of its cost to you before you pay for it?
\$100.00 per Acre Farms Should Produce the Proper Returns.
How to do it? Ask
KALAMAZOO TANK & SILO COMPANY MICHIGAN
Sale Agent,
J. W. VanDuzer
Antioch, Illinois

ANNOUNCEMENT
We are pleased to announce that a Tremendous Sale Of Winter Garments in ladies' coats, suits, skirts waists, Dresses and Children's coats will be held at the **SABIN STORE**, in the Kline Building, Main Street, Antioch, Illinois.
We were fortunate in securing a Manufacturers Surplus stock, and are offering this high grade stock to the ladies of Antioch and vicinity at great Bargain prices.
The sale is being held under the management of the Fashion Cloak & Suit Store, of Burlington, Wis., who are giving this Sale in order to advertise there store in Burlington.
So don't fail to take advantage of the wonderful Bargains that will be offered during this Sale.
We positively guarantee perfect satisfaction with every purchase or your money will be cheerfully refunded.
So hoping to see you at this SALE, we are,
Yours for Satisfaction,
FASHION CLOAK & SUIT STORE.
SALE BEGINS Friday Jan 26 For one week ONLY
Note the Address
Kline Building Main Street Antioch, Illinois
SABIN
Note the Address
Kline Building Main Street

LOCAL ITEMS

Local Announcements and the
Elgin Butter Market

ELGIN, ILL., Jan. 22.—Butter firm at 37c. Output for the week 617,500 lbs.

All sizes in warm underwear. Chase Webb.

The best high top shoe for \$4.00 at Webb's.

Try my 25 cent Combination Coffee. Chase Webb.

Besse Gardner of Osage, Ia., visited here Monday.

Leonella Taylor was a Waukegan visitor last Friday.

A few bargains in winter suits made to order at Webb's.

Wm. Hilderbrand was a business visitor in Chicago Monday.

Charlie Webb transacted business in Chicago Friday and Saturday.

D. B. Sabin and J. R. Cribb were Plainfield, Ill., visitors over Sunday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Day, (Linnie Nelson) on Jan. 20, a daughter.

Mrs. J. H. Goodrich visited relatives and friends at Milwaukee the first of the week.

Mrs. Margaret Hockney entertained a number of friends at cards (today) Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Conrad and two children were visiting relatives at Highland Park over Sunday.

Walter Dibble had the misfortune to have his foot crushed by a cake of ice falling on it at the ice house at Lake Villa.

From the way some one leaves the door open in Medicine Hat, we are convinced that he was brought up in a barn.

The passenger engine of the 3:15 north-bound train on the Soo Line was stalled here seven hours on Tuesday on account of a broken drive wheel.

For Sale—Two stacks of timothy hay east of Fox River bridge also two stacks of blue joint hay south of Hackberry. Phone 518. Frank W. Hatch, Richmond, Ill. 21tf

The annual meeting of the Antioch Telephone Co., for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year, will be held at the pump house on Jan. 27. A full attendance is desired.

The Fashion Cloak and Suit Company of Burlington, Wis., will have a one week's sale, beginning Friday, Jan. 26, at the Sabin Store in the Klein building, of Cloaks, Suits, Dresses, Skirts and children's wearing apparel.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Espey, Mrs. Lena Gaggin, Miss Frank Stewart, and Miss Addie Taylor of the Antioch school, Miss Minnie Lux of Grubb school, Miss Pauline Smart of the Bean Hill school, Miss Hazel Tiffany of the Grimm school were in attendance at the teachers' meeting at Waukegan Friday of last week.

The following from the Record-Herald will be of interest to many of our subscribers: To the Editor: I noticed in your paper that Mrs. Nelson Kipsie Gordon says she is the oldest person now living who was born in Chicago. She says she "arrived" March 18, 1895. I have an aunt living here at Lake Villa who was born in Chicago March 9, 1895. Her name is Mrs. Charlotte Cribb. Her father, Jacob Miller, lived near where the Sherman House now stands. Let us hear from others. W. H. Miller.

Matter of Course.

Probably the most typical illustration of modern culture was the reply of a lady who had been enthusiastic over the Wagnerian cycle, and "when I asked her to tell me quite honestly, as between old friends, if she really enjoyed it, replied: 'Oh, yes! I think one likes Wagner—doesn't one?'"

Spaced Out Too Much.

A judge, in remanding a criminal, called him a scoundrel. The prisoner replied: "Sir, I am not as big a scoundrel as your honor—" here the culprit stopped, but finally added—"takes me to be." "Put your words closer together," said the judge.

Simple Way to Make Slizes.

The Maoris, inhabitants of the South Sea Islands, found themselves once in possession of a supply of shoes. Instead of seeking suitable sizes they cut off their toes to fit the shoes whenever it was necessary.

Margie's Idea.

"Papa was very polite at dinner," observed small Margie. "In serving the ladies he said 'dressing,' because they like to dress, but in serving the gentlemen he called it 'stuffing,' because they always want so much to eat."

Pipes Not Made From the Brier.

French brier pipes are not made from the roots of the brier, but from the root of a white heath which attains a considerable size in the south of France, where it is sedulously cultivated for pipe-making purposes. The name is derived from the French bryere; the dialect form of which is briere, meaning heath.

Little Marjorie at Church.

Little Marjorie went with her mother to church on the night the minister baptized a convert by immersion. As soon as the ceremony was over the little girl leaned over to her mother and said in an excited whisper, "Mamma, do they drown some one here over Sunday?"

George Bartlett was a Chicago visitor Sunday.

Harry Tiffany was a Kenosha visitor Monday.

Dr. Hulett was a Chicago business visitor Monday.

Telmo Buckwheat. Every sack guaranteed. Chase Webb.

Mrs. E. C. Sabin was a Chicago business visitor Monday.

The Williams' ice house is being filled from Silverlake this week.

Mrs. J. R. Westlake of Camp Lake visited relative here Monday.

Dr. Hesses stock and chicken food. Every package guaranteed at Webb's.

A. D. Webb of Waukegan was calling on Antioch friends the fore part of week.

Thos. Burnett, wife and baby of Wisconsin are visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Mrs. George Hockney and daughter Mrs. Dr. Reading were attending a family reunion at Wilmot Tuesday.

There will be English Lutheran services at the Christian church next Sunday at 2:30 p. M., held by Rev. Jedele of Wilmot.

This is the year when women propose or at least it's the year when it is not necessary to let the men think they do the proposing.

The Antioch Gun club will hold a meeting at Tiffany & Felter's store on Friday evening, Jan. 26, at 8:00 o'clock for the purpose of electing officers.

Every one is trying to smoke out Mr. Roosevelt, but all who ever hunted Mr. Groundhog know that much smoke goes into the eyes of his pursuers and very little into the hole.

The Antioch Creamery Association will hold their annual meeting for the election of officers and for the transaction of any other business, on Saturday, Jan. 28, at 2 o'clock p. m.

The Ladies of the Hickory Cemetery society will give an oyster supper at the Hickory church on Thursday, Feb. 1st, both afternoon and evening. Let everyone who can turn out and help a worthy cause come. 2w

Shoninger Pianos are now sold by Alden, Biding & Co., in addition to those they have sold heretofore. See them for anything in the music line. Two stores, 456 Market street, Kenosha and 209 N. Genesee street, Waukegan.

Wm. Hilderbrand, who has moved his family here from the Southern part of the state, is purchasing an entire new stock of dry goods and groceries and will occupy the Thayer store, now occupied by Gauger Bros., the first of March. The family are now occupying the Dr. Warriner house on Victoria street.

Sleeping With Children.

When it is necessary for an adult to sleep in the same bed with a young child, the following method will be found quite satisfactory, and insure comfort to the adult at least. Make the bed with three sheets instead of two; then have the child sleep between the middle and lower sheets, and the adult between the middle and upper sheets. This prevents the child from rolling around and also holds the sheet tightly about its shoulders.—Good Housekeeping.

Pieces for Quilt.

I have found the following method of cutting pieces for a quilt to be a saving of time and labor, says a contributor to Needlecraft. Have the pattern cut from cardboard and a piece of beeswax pressed on each corner; then press the bit of cloth to the pattern, cut it out, remove it, and you are ready for the next without the trouble of putting in and taking out pins.

Her Help.

Mrs. Penfield—"My husband has found a way by which he says I am of the greatest help to him in his literary work." Mrs. Hillaire—"How nice that must be for you, my dear! But how are you able to do it?" Mrs. Penfield—"As soon as I see him at his desk, I go into another room and keep perfectly quiet until he has finished."—Puck.

Men and Women.

As times go on we have the two results to be anticipated. Men reach the point—usually early in life—where business or politics absorbs their whole attention, and they have little time, strength or interest left for the broader culture and the amenities of life, while women are prone to be too much preoccupied with these things, to the injury of the home—not, perhaps, in its smooth running, for in the average American home the wheels of its machinery do usually run smoothly, though at great expense and to the injury of the home spirit. If the two could be averaged we should more nearly approach the ideal. Men need more relaxation, more rest, more variety, especially as they advance in life. Women need more concentration, more definiteness in their work, and especially more interest and a different kind of ideal in their home-making.—Mrs. N. D. Hillis in the American Woman and Her Home.

WANTED

At once. Men to represent us, either locally or traveling. Now is the time to start. Money in the work for the right men. Apply at once and secure territory. Allen Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Bargains in Dress Goods

For January only—64 inch goods selling \$1.25 to \$2.25 per yd., are now .75 to \$1.65 per yd. Fifty-four inch broad cloth worth 2.50 for 1.35. Fifty-four inch serge worth 1.80 for 1.25. Goods all sponged and shrunk and guaranteed the best for the money. Mrs. A. G. Watson.

CUTTING DOWN THE FLESH

Heroic Struggles of a Fat Man Who Thought the Scales Were Deceiving Him.

I have about come to the conclusion that the good Lord intended some of his creatures to be fat and some thin, regardless of medicines and so-called infallible cures, writes a western man. For a long while I tried all the alleged obesity cures and none of them did me any good. Then I determined to starve myself and take lots of exercise.

All my life I had been a lover of good eating, and counted that day lost on which I did not consume for my dinner the better part of a sirloin steak as thick as a dork's foot, with all the trimmings. For breakfast I usually destroyed a platter of cakes, three eggs and no end of thin-sliced bacon, besides fruits and two cups of coffee.

This lifelong system I abandoned for an entire month, cutting out all the meat and about all the vegetables, a piece of toast and glass of milk taking the place of my morning meals and a little rice being the chief item on the meager dinner bill of fare. Lunch I omitted wholly. In addition I walked at least six miles every day and did all sorts of stunts in my room with a gymnasium outfit. Prior to going to bed I perpetrated all sorts of muscular contortions and rolled on the floor till my body was bruised.

At the end of thirty days I felt fit to run a three-mile foot-race or go in the ring with the champion. About this time it occurred to me that I ought to get weighed and I made a bee line for the scales. My grocer assured me that they were correct to an ounce, but they showed I had gained 14 pounds in the period of my abstinence.—Exchange.

PURE FOOD LAW NOT MODERN

Centuries Ago Tradesmen Who adulterated Goods Were Most Severely Punished.

Pure food laws are not quite so modern an invention as we may believe. Dr. Reinsner has made discoveries in Palestine that seem to indicate some sort of supervision of the food supplies delivered to the palace nearly 3000 years ago. Labels have been found that were once affixed to "a jar of pure olive oil." We may wonder what tests were employed and what would happen to the man whose oil was found to be not pure. Probably something unpleasant, for there was no Supreme court in those days.

We know what happened in the middle ages to the enterprising tradesman who adulterated his goods. In 1444 a Nuremberg merchant was burned alive for mixing foreign material with his saffron and the saffron itself was used for fuel. Probably that artistic touch impressed the matter upon his memory.

Some Augsburg bakers who used false weights and bad flour were ducked in a muddy pool, and through a faulty knowledge of the human respiratory system, or sheer carelessness, they came to the surface dead.

In 1482 a wine merchant was ordered to drink six quarts of his own adulterated wine, and as he died soon after it is evident that the adulteration must have been serious. It is true that he had to finish the draft in a given number of minutes, and a small number at that, but in those days they had a pleasant way of weighing the scales and loading the dice upon the side of justice.

Civilization has changed all that. Nowadays we shiver with apprehension lest, a rogue shall be punished.—San Francisco Argonaut.

Men and Women.

As times go on we have the two results to be anticipated. Men reach the point—usually early in life—where business or politics absorbs their whole attention, and they have little time, strength or interest left for the broader culture and the amenities of life, while women are prone to be too much preoccupied with these things, to the injury of the home—not, perhaps, in its smooth running, for in the average American home the wheels of its machinery do usually run smoothly, though at great expense and to the injury of the home spirit. If the two could be averaged we should more nearly approach the ideal. Men need more relaxation, more rest, more variety, especially as they advance in life. Women need more concentration, more definiteness in their work, and especially more interest and a different kind of ideal in their home-making.—Mrs. N. D. Hillis in the American Woman and Her Home.

Girls' High Shoes

Misses' and children's high top shoes in a good gun-metal.

A dressy, good wearing shoe just the thing for school.

\$2.00 \$1.75 \$1.50

Antioch Cash Shoe Store

GOOD SHOES

C. G. FOLTZ CO.

BURLINGTON, WISCONSIN

Antioch Ladies

Special Notice:

We have just finished invoicing and have gotten together all ends of woolen dress goods, most all have enough for children's dresses, skirt patterns or enough for waists, very low prices are just on all these ends, and as our trade soon cleans up all our Remnants, we send you this notice, trusting you will look over our Remnants at an early day and buy freely.

We have received our new lines of embroideries. See them before you buy, pretty and cheap.

The Antioch News \$100

BATTERSHALL'S ANNUAL

Prenventory and Clearance Sale

Prices on all winter goods to reduce our large stock at once

Men's Work Clothing

2.50 men's wool pants	\$2.00
2.00 " corduroy pants	1.50
1.50 " " " "	1.00
1.50 flannel shirts	1.00
2.00 " " " "	1.50
75c heavy knit shirts	.50
50c " " " "	.40
50c working " " "	.40
50c wool sox	.40
25c " " " "	.20
3.00 canvas coats	2.00
2.50 " " " "	1.75
1.50 " " " "	1.00
1.00 boys canvas coats	.65
1.50 boys sweater coats	1.00
1.00 " " " "	.65
1.35 " " " "	1.00
2.25 men's " " "	1.75

Gloves and Mittens

1.25 mittens and gloves	\$1.00
1.00 " " " "	.80
75c " " " "	.60
50c " " " "	.40
25c " " " "	.20
25c yarn gloves	.15
25c yarn mittens	.15
1.35 fur mittens	1.00
50c golf gloves	.35
25c golf gloves	.15
2.25 fur gloves	1.50
2.25 fur lined gloves	1.50
4 pair heavy cotton mitten	.25

Hosiery and Underwear

50c children's wool hose	.35
25c children's wool hose	.20
25c children's fleece lined hose	.18
We will give a discount of 20 per on all ladies' misses' and children's underwear	

Sheeting

36 inch unbleached sheeting, yd	.7
54 " " " "	.12
45 " " " "	.10
72 " " " "	.16
36 " lonsdale bleached, yd	.8
37x45 hemstitched pillow cases, yd	.15
81x90 hemstitched sheets each	.75

Groceries

7 bars Fairy soap	.25
7 " Swift's white laundry soap	.25
7 " sunday monday soap	.25
7 " Fairbanks glycerine tar soap	.25
12 " Calumet family soap	.25
4 cans sweet corn	.25
Choice flour 49 lb sack	1.35
Shredded wheat biscuit	.10
10c bottles of pickles	.7
10 lb buckwheat flour	.35
Corn starch pk.	.5
Armour's pure lard	.12
Armour's compound lard	.10
Armour's bacon lb	.15

A discount of ten per cent will be given on all rubber footwear for winter use

BATTERSHALL'S

Department Store
Grayslake = = = Illinois

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Pritchett*

ANTIOCH NEWS

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher

ANTIOCH

ILLINOIS

SMALL FARMS FOR MEXICANS

They Are to Be Made From Large Tracts Purchased by the Government.

The first move of the government toward buying large tracts of land for the purpose of cutting them up into small farms and inviting their settlement by Mexican agriculturists seems about to be undertaken.

The Sautena hacienda, an enormous property owned by Ingo Noriega, Baron Zayas and Gen. Porfirio Diaz and situated in the northern part of the republic, will be acquired.

Gustavo Madero and Gen. Manuel Garcia Cuellar are at the head of the syndicate which will make the purchase and begin the irrigation of the land at once. The purchase price and the cost of irrigation will be, it is asserted, not less than \$17,000,000.

Gen. Diaz had a similar plan in view and had arranged for the government to pay to the owners the sum of \$5,000,000 for the purpose of irrigating the property, with the understanding that it was to be sold to the government to be parcelled out among small farmers on easy payment terms. The \$5,000,000 was deposited in the Central bank in this city in furtherance of the plan, and the money is still there for such purpose.

As soon as the irrigation development is well under way the hacienda will pass into the hands of the government and then all Mexicans who are living in Texas will be invited to come to Mexico and take up the lands for settlement and cultivation.

In the middle of the big hacienda there is a small ranch called Colombras. It is intended to cut this ranch up into building lots and build a town there as the center of the farming community.—Mexican Herald.

Fingers and Toes.

Dr. Lucas Lucas, an eminent London anatomist, predicts that in the course of time, say in 1,000,000 years or so, man will become a one-toed animal. His theory is that the outer toes, being less and less employed, will gradually disappear.

This recalls a curious though quite a different thing. There lives in a certain region of Pennsylvania a wealthy family the male members of which all have five fingers on each hand, the fifth one appearing just back of the fourth finger on the normal hand, the extra member being as well developed and serviceable as the others.

This peculiarity has been inherited by the males of the family from generation to generation, and so far from being regarded by them as a deformity, the chances are that if a son with only four fingers on each hand were born to any of them he would be looked upon as a defective.

When Your Play Goes to Rehearsal.

When your play goes into rehearsal it is the child of your fancy adventuring dubiously among ruffians. The actors, I dare say, feel like doctors trying to save a rickety child. The artist must be an egotist, and the actors violate the egotism. In playwriting it is impossible to maintain the austerity of your vision, impossible even to persuade yourself that it may be maintained. The theater is fascinating, but I can imagine that a writer of plays might conceive a distaste for it. He might write his plays for the stage and then jealously guard them from performance. There would be more of this, perhaps, if it were not rather difficult to get plays produced; those who would remain aloof are very readily taken at their word.—A. N. Monkhouse.

Lucky Stumble.

On Christmas day William White of Brooklyn was walking along Nantasket beach near his summer home when he stumbled against a gray-looking mass. The Brooklyn man turned and gave the object a kick. Then he looked at it. It certainly was like nothing he had ever seen, so he carried it to his cottage. When he came to New York he brought the stuff with him and has discovered that it is ambergris and worth \$19,500. The chemist told him it was probably cast up by a sick whale.

More Sundays Than Weeks.

The first and last days of 1910 fell on Sunday, making 53 Sabbath days in the Christian religion. There being 52 weeks and one day in each ordinary year, there is room for 53 Sundays when the first and last days are Saturdays. In 1939 it will happen again, and the same thing occurred 28 years ago. A calendar which is 28 years old will answer many of the purposes of one which is up-to-date, as 28 years is a solar cycle and in years a cycle apart the days of the week and month conform.

Slight Modification.

"Competition is the life of trade," said the business man. "Of course it is," replied Mr. Dustin Stax. "Only we want to get trade so regulated that folks will be competing for a chance to buy instead of a chance to sell."

Superseded.

"Do you think eloquence is as much in request as it used to be?" "No," replied Senator Sorghum. "Nowadays prizes are given for aviation and not for flights of oratory."

CUTS STEEL RATES

DEMOCRATIC REVISION BILL CARRIES SWEEPING DECREASE IN SCHEDULE.

BIG ADDITION TO FREE LIST

Reduction Averaging Fifty Per Cent on Rough and Finished Products Is Proposed—Duty Off Machinery.

Washington.—Steel tariff rates under the Payne law are reduced by 50 per cent. on the average by a bill introduced in the house by Representative Underwood of the ways and means committee, with the concurrence of the Democratic members of the committee. All duties are reduced from 33 to 75 per cent. and they are changed from specific to ad valorem.

Democratic Leader Underwood estimated that the bill would reduce the average tariff on steel imports from 34.51 per cent. to 22.42 ad valorem, and would reduce the government tariff revenues from steel products by \$23,597 from 1911 and by \$4,000,000 from 1910. Imports of steel products, he said, would be increased by nearly \$20,000,000.

On the free list of the new bill are all kinds of metal fencing, cut nails, iron ore, zinc ore, cash registers, typesetting machines, typewriters, machine tools, sewing machines, printing presses, tar and oil spraying machines and their repair parts.

Notable reductions are represented by the following:

Iron in pigs, from 15.66 per cent. ad valorem to 8 per cent.

Beams, girders, etc., 45.44 per cent. to 15 per cent.

Boiler plate, etc., 37.68 to 20 per cent.

Hoop band and small wire, 17.83 to 15 per cent.

Railway bars and T nails, 15.34 to 10 per cent.

Wire, from 38.13 to 20 per cent.

Automobiles, from 45 to 40 per cent.

Knives of all kinds, from 77.62 to 35.

Tableware, from 43.43 to 25.

Copper bars, from 11.48 to 5 per cent.

Lead ore, from 52.77 to 25 per cent.

Lead in bullion, from 93.59 to 25 per cent.

All articles are to be dutiable under the bill at 25 per cent. ad valorem, where a rate is not specifically given.

While barbed wire is put on the free list, telegraph and telephone wire are given a rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem.

WEBSTER GETS LIFE TERM

Chicago Physician Who Confessed He Murdered His Wife Sentenced to Joliet Prison.

Oregon, Ill.—Dr. Harry Elgin Webster of Chicago was sentenced to life imprisonment at hard labor in the Joliet penitentiary for the murder of his wife, Bessie Kent Webster.

Judge Richard S. Farrand, before imposing the sentence, read a long statement exonerating the physician. In concluding, he said:

"It is the sentence of this court that you be imprisoned in the penitentiary at Joliet for and during your natural life, the first day of that imprisonment to be in solitary confinement, the balance of your time at hard labor, and that you pay the costs of prosecution."

Immaculately groomed, clad in a blue suit, the prisoner entered the courtroom. He glanced neither to the right nor the left as he walked slowly to the counsel table. He sat between his father and mother, who had driven twenty-two miles from Dixon to hear their son's fate.

"The prisoner will please stand," said Judge Farrand. "Have you anything to say before sentence is pronounced?"

Webster said he had not, and Judge Farrand began reading the sentence. The prisoner remained calm until near the end when he buried his face in his hands, sobbing convulsively. Webster was led back to the jail in a hysterical condition and then later taken to Joliet.

COULON WINS IN KNOCK-OUT

Bantam Champion Whips Harry Forbes, Former Holder of Title, in Third Round at Kenosha.

Kenosha, Wis.—Johnny Coulon, the world's bantam champion, won a technical knockout decision over Harry Forbes, the champion of 1903, after the third round was two minutes old in their battle here last night. Coulon won without a struggle because Forbes sapped all his strength in making the weight. Forbes was down four times before Kid Howard, his manager, mercifully tossed in a towel from the old champ's corner.

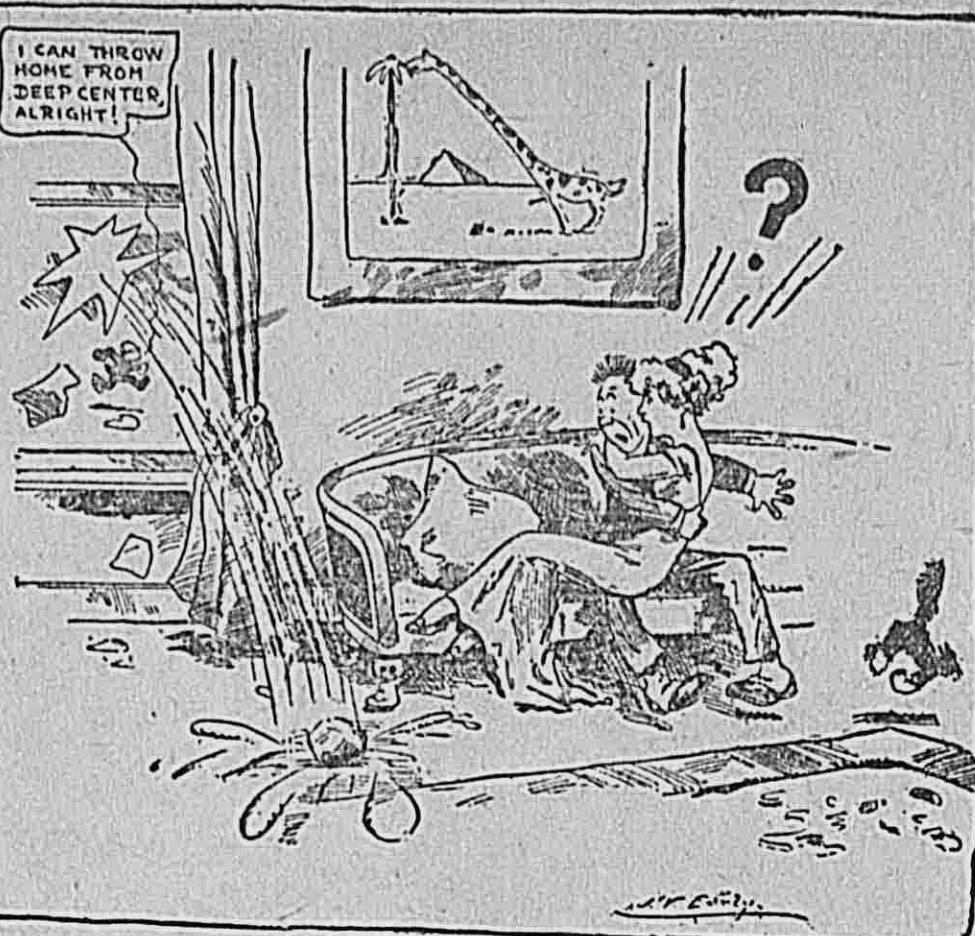
Aviator Page Is Killed.

Dominguez Aviation Field, Cal.—Aviator Rutherford Page, flying a Curtiss aeroplane, fell 100 feet here and received injuries from which he died in a few minutes. Page is said to be a wealthy New Yorker and a graduate from Yale.

Shuster Reaches Paris.

Paris.—W. Morgan Shuster, former treasurer general of Persia, who was expelled at the behest of Russia, has arrived here on his way home to the United States.

SNOWBALL TWIRLERS ARE ACTIVE



WILEY IS UPHELD

HOUSE INQUIRY OVERTURN FINDINGS OF SECRETARIES WILSON AND WICKERSHAM.

REMSEN BOARD GIVEN BLOW

Paralysis of Pure Food and Drug Laws' Enforcement Is Denounced by Committee's Verdict—Chief Chemist Given Free Hand.

Washington.—The house committee that has been making an inquiry into the charges preferred against Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, chief chemist of the department of agriculture, has given the food expert a clean bill of health, exonerating him from all of the accusations laid against him.

The committee in its report sustains Doctor Wiley all along the line, except on unimportant details.

The report pays much attention to the Remsen board, to the activity of Solicitor George P. McCabe, who was the principal opponent of Doctor Wiley in the department, and recommends, in general, that Doctor Wiley be given a free hand in the enforcement of the pure food and drug law.

In this manner the power formerly exercised by Solicitor McCabe is cut down.

The final stamp of approval of the conclusions, reached after months of investigation, was affixed by all members of the committee.

CALL FOR DEMOCRATIC MEET

National Chairman Mack Issues Official Notice for Convention to Be Held at Baltimore.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Official call has been made for the Democratic national convention for 1912 to be held in Baltimore on June 25. The call is signed by Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and Urey Woodson of Kentucky, the secretary.

Two delegates and alternates for every senator and two delegates for every representative for the states represented in congress will be elected to the convention. Six delegates and six alternates are allotted to Alaska, the District of Columbia, the Philippines, Hawaii and Porto Rico.

TURKS' ATTACK IS REPULSED

Many Are Killed and Wounded in Battle Which Lasts Several Hours in Tripoli.

Tripoli.—In one of the most determined engagements of the war a large force of Arabs and Turks attacked a column of Italian troops which had left Tripoli for Ghingarish. Not until after several hours' fighting did the Italians rally and the Turks retreat to the desert.

Hundreds of the 3,000 attacking party were killed, while the Italians had three killed and seven wounded.

FALLS 1,500 FEET TO EARTH

French Army Aviator Probably Fatally Burned in Plunge From Clouds in Blazing Monoplane.

Paris.—A 1,500-foot plunge to earth in a burning monoplane at the aviation grounds at Senlis resulted in probably fatal injuries to Lieutenant Bernier of the French army aviation corps. The lieutenant's legs were badly burned and his feet almost destroyed before he could be taken from beneath the burning aeroplane and hurried to the army hospital.

Women to Have Paper.

New York.—Believing that women should have a fairer representation in the news of the day, Mrs. Oliver H. Belmont is planning to start a daily newspaper, which will be devoted entirely to their interests and managed by women.

Detective Guilty of Murder.

Evansville, Ind.—William Wilson, sixty-seven, a detective, was found guilty of the murder of William J. Walters of Paducah, Ky., in this city last November.

CUBAN ROW AT END

WARRING FACTIONS SETTLE THEIR DIFFERENCES.

Island Congress Probably Will Modify Laws to Check Veterans' Activities—Statement Issued.

Washington.—Secretary of War Stimson declared after a conference with President Taft that he did not believe the United States would need to intervene in Cuba. President Taft, Mr. Stimson said, agreed with him. Although the situation is regarded as most hopeful, the white house and the war department will watch developments closely.

Havana, Cuba.—The reply of the Cuban government to the note of Secretary Knox intimating that the United States government might be compelled to intervene in Cuban affairs probably will be made in a few days.

An official statement was given out regarding the conference held at the palace between President Gomez and representatives of all the political factions and the veterans. The statement is as follows:

"The meeting terminated with every one breathing words of patriotism, a fact which filled the president with optimism because he found in his old companions in arms and in all the others present a firm determination to save the republic, as might be expected from those professing their love for the Cuban fatherland."

HARVESTER TRUST IS FLAYED

Representative of Independents Makes Sensational Charges at House Committee Hearing.

Washington.—Sensational charges against the International Harvester company, the so-called "harvester trust," were made before the house rules committee by F. J. Lowe of New York, representing independent manufacturers.

Mr. Lowe told the committee that 51 per cent. of the stockholders in the steel, sugar, beef and bankers' trusts control also the International Harvester company. "We charge that the International Harvester company, through the National City bank of New York, can break any independent concern in the United States," said Mr. Lowe.

Mr. Lowe charged also that the International Harvester company insisted, on a profit of 100 per cent. on its goods sold in this country, but that Europe got them almost at cost.

MANIACS FLEE FROM FLAMES

Fire Attacks Infirmary at Dunning, Ill.—270 Are Saved by Attendants.

Chicago.—Insane patients at the Dunning (Ill.) institution were herded together and marched out of the blazing "old infirmary" building just before the structure collapsed.

Supposed to have ignited from a defective flue on the top floor of the main wing, the flames gradually ate their way downward and four hours after the fire was discovered virtually all of a three-wing building, four and five stories high, was in ruins.

There were 270 insane patients in the institution all of whom were gotten out without injury.

When some of the patients saw the flames and heard the clanging of the bells on the arriving fire engines they began to fight.

The police, with drawn clubs, helped to form lines of the patients and to keep the violent from committing suicide or injuring those who were trying to save them.

Declares for Government Ownership.

Albany, N. Y.—A concurrent resolution declaring for government ownership of the telegraph system as recommended by Postmaster General Hitchcock was introduced in the assembly by Assemblyman Cuvillier of New York.

Cleveland Has \$150,000 Fire.

Cleveland, O.—The Route & Jennings buildings at the northwest corner of Superior avenue and the public square were destroyed by fire here. The loss is \$150,000.

IOWA HEROINE DIES

KATE SHELLY CRAWLED OVER BIG BRIDGE IN TEMPEST TO STOP TRAIN.

STATE GIVES HER GOLD MEDAL

Woman, Famous for Daring Deed When But 15 Years Old, Succumbs to Bright's Disease Following Operation for Appendicitis.

Boone, Ia.—Miss Kate Shelly, Iowa's heroine who in 1881 at great personal risk, saved a passenger train from being wrecked, is dead at the age of forty-five years at her home near scene of her heroic deed.

Miss Shelly had suffered greatly since last summer, when an operation for appendicitis was followed by an attack of Bright's disease, but she was as brave in the face of death as when she won renown.

The deed which placed Kate Shelly's name in the list of heroines was a bright example of the courage of a fifteen-year-old girl who believed she was saving the lives of hundreds of the passengers on a limited train on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, although, later developments proved, the number of lives she actually saved was two.

The girl was the daughter of a farmer living near Boone, and late on the night of July 6, 1881, as she was preparing to retire, from her bedroom window she saw a locomotive approach the bridge crossing Honey creek, stop a moment, then advance and plunge into the torrent below as the bridge gave way.

Realizing that a limited train was due to cross the same bridge in a few minutes, the girl dressed hastily, improvised a lantern out of a miner's lamp and started to Molongona to give the alarm. The feeble light soon was dashed out by the fury of the gale, but as she approached the bridge she saw two of the engine's crew clinging to trees in the creek.

Kate's trip across the bridge was made doubly difficult by the fact that all the planks had been removed to keep pedestrians from crossing it, and as she crawled on hands and knees across the floating ties her flesh was lacerated in many places by the stubs of nails protruding where the planks had been removed. But she succeeded in giving the alarm at Molongona before the limited train had left and in having a rescue party organized to save the two railroad men who had plunged through the bridge.

Passengers on the limited at once made up a purse for the brave girl and railroad men undertook to raise contributions in recognition of her heroism. Appeals of the press to the public for similar contributions failed to bring a hearty response because Northwestern railroad officials at once called attention to the fact that the limited train had not been endangered and by issuing a statement that Miss Shelly would be amply rewarded.

As a matter of fact, the locomotive had been sent out to see that the bridge was safe and the limited train would not have proceeded beyond Molongona until the engine crew had reported from the next station. But this did not minimize the heroism of the girl's act, and a short time later the Iowa legislature passed an act awarding Miss Shelly a gold medal.

Soon after Miss Shelly was made station agent of the railroad at Molongona, a position she held for years.

NEW LORIMER LEAD SPRUNG

Detective Burns Has Evidence Witness Received \$1,500 to Testify at Washington.

Washington.—Developments more or less sensational about to take place in the Lorimer case will disclose that William J. Burns, the detective who built up the evidence around the McNamara dynamiters, has been at work for at least three months gathering evidence to be presented to the committee investigating the election of the junior senator from Illinois.

Mr. Burns was employed for about a month by the senate committee, and later was engaged by the interests fighting to unseat Senator Lorimer.

It is reported that the end sought by the anti-Lorimer interests is the impeachment of a certain witness who gave evidence in Senator Lorimer's defense relating to the alleged statement of C. F. Wiehe, a brother-in-law of Edward Hines, that a "jack-pot" fund of \$100,000 was used "to put Lorimer over."

In substance Burns is declared to have reported to the committee that he was prepared to offer evidence that one of the witnesses who testified in regard to this incident had confessed he was paid \$1,500 to come to Washington. A photographic method by which Burns obtained the alleged confession is also said to have been laid before the committee.

Complains of Measles; Dismissed.

Syracuse, N. Y.—Miss Elizabeth Ewatts of California, a junior, was dismissed from Syracuse university here by Chancellor Day. Her name bore a petition complaining of the meals served in Haven hall.

Declare Porter Charlton Sane.

New York.—Porter Charlton, who murdered his wife, is perfectly sane, according to the district attorney of Hudson county, New Jersey, and the jail officers. He is enjoying splendid health.

The Army of Constipation

Is Growing Smaller Every Day.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are responsible—they not only give relief—they permanently cure Constipation. Millions use them for Bilelessness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Sallow Skin. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

Warranted

16 CENT SEED SALE

10,000 KERNELS OF FERTILE SEEDS for 16c. Selected 16c. 1750 Lettuce 1000 Celeriac 1750 Onion 1000 Parsley 1000 Radish 1000 Carrot 1000 Tomato 1000 Melon 1750 Brilliant Flower Seeds, 50c. Any one of these packages is worth the price we ask for the whole 16,000 kernels. It is merely our way of letting you test our seed—proving to you how mighty good they are.

Send 16 cents in stamps to-day and by return mail. We'll also mail you free our great little catalog—if you ask for it—all prepaid. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. 500 South Eighth Street La Crosse, Wis.

FLORIDA ORANGES

In order to acquaint you with the Wonderful Florida Orange, we will forward to you one box of 60 ORANGES FREE on receipt of 60 CENTS. BOX contains 20 or more ORANGES of the above famous and delicious fruit. Write today as this offer is limited. Make remittance to FRUIT EXCHANGE, LARK BUILDING, JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA.

GIVE AND TAKE.



"Rockefeller must be a great believer in reciprocity."

"Why so?"

"Why, whenever he gives away a million or so he advances the price of oil."

See Value in Open-Air Schools.

During the year 1911 the greatest percentage of increase among the different forms of anti-tuberculosis work was among the open-air schools for anemic and tuberculous children. On January 1, 1911, there were only 29 open-air schools in operation or provided for in the entire country. On January 1, 1912, there were 91, an increase of 214 per cent. Sixty-two new schools have been established or provided for in this past year. This entire number of open-air schools have been established since January 1, 1907.

Entire Country Interested.

On January 1, 1905, there were about 150 different agencies engaged in anti-tuberculosis work, of which number 111 were sanatoria. The increase to over 2,000 agencies has emphasized the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis points out, the importance of the campaign for the prevention of consumption being carried on in all parts of the country.

SURPRISED DOCTOR.

Illustrating the Effect of Food.

The remarkable adaptability of Grape-Nuts food to stomachs so disordered that they will reject everything else, is illustrated by the case of a woman in Racine, Wis.

"Two years ago," she says, "I was attacked by a stomach trouble so serious that for a long time I could not take much of any sort of food. Even the various kinds prescribed by the doctor produced most acute pain."

"We then got some Grape-Nuts food, and you can imagine my surprise and delight when I found that I could eat it with a relish and without the slightest distress."

"When the doctor heard of it he told me to take several small portions each day, because he feared I would grow tired of it as I had of all other food."

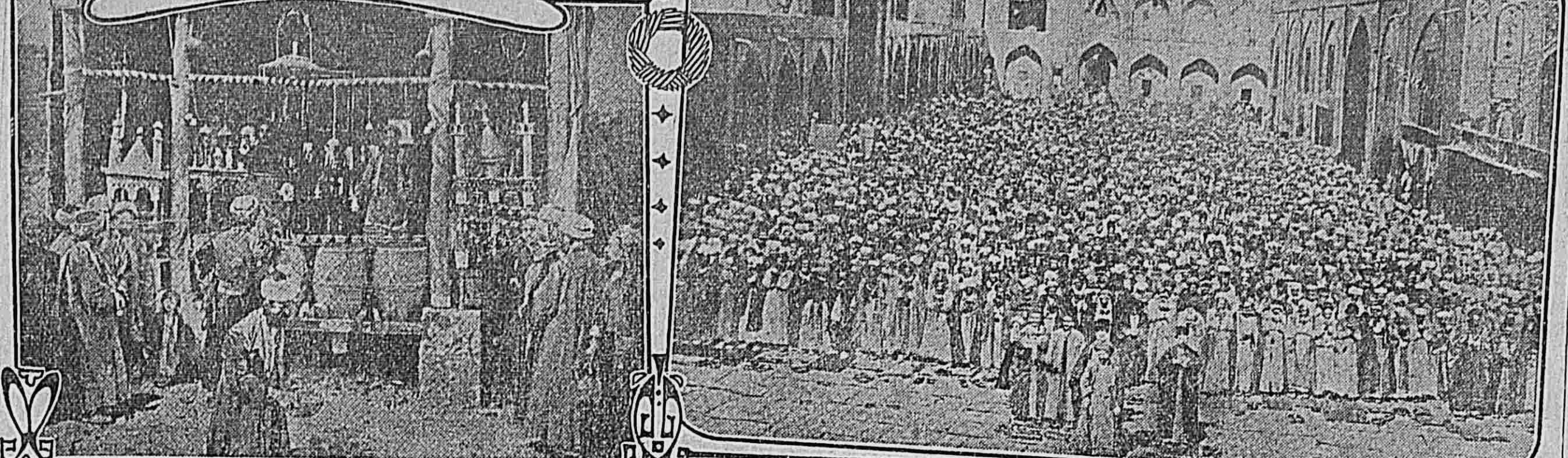
"But to his surprise, (and that of everybody else), I did not tire of Grape-Nuts, and became better day by day, till, after some weeks, my stomach entirely recovered and I was able to eat anything my appetite craved."

"My nerves, which had become so weakened that I feared I would become insane, were also restored by the Grape-Nuts food in connection with Postum which has become our table beverage. I appreciate most gratefully and thankfully the good that your food preparations have done me, and shall be glad to answer any letters inquiring as to my experience." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

AMAZING SPREAD OF ISLAMISM



WATER-SELLERS AT THE WELL OF ZEM ZEM, MECCA

IN this world, according to the latest estimates, there are about 200,000,000 Mohammedans. Of these, no less than 95,000,000 live under British rule—a total of 5,000,000 in excess of the Christian population of King George's dominions.

Most people, in considering these vast hordes of Moslems, never for a moment think of them as militant followers of the Prophet. They look upon the Islam world as quiescent so far as the propagation of its doctrines is concerned—as yielding more and more to the teachings of the armies of Christian missionaries spread out over it.

But, according to a number of these very missionaries, who have gained their knowledge in the battle-line formed by Christianity against Islam and other religions, this is by no means the case. From the front they bring the news that Mohammedanism, far from being quiet, is pulsing with new life; that its missionaries, filled with fanatic zeal, are making hosts of converts to their doctrines, not only among pagans, but among peoples previously converted to Christianity.

Africa is where the pitched battle for converts between Christianity and Islam is being waged most furiously. Those who have been over the ground declare that the religious fate of the Dark Continent hangs in the balance. Mohammedanism has made such progress there of late, they aver, that it is a question whether it will not soon become Africa's dominant faith.

Nor is that portion of the earth the only place where Islam is striding triumphantly forward. Pan-Islamism, sedulously fostered by Abdul Hamid, deposed Sultan of Turkey, has served to stimulate the aggressiveness of the Prophet's followers in India, Malaysia, Central Asia, Siberia, Russia and other lands.

This aggressiveness is noticeable not only among those Mohammedans who seek to reconcile their time-worn religion to modernity, but also among the blind fanatics of orthodoxy, who will not give up one jot or tittle of the doctrines handed down to them by their forefathers straight from the days of Mohammed. The one great characteristic of the Moslem world today is unrest.

Like the prodigal son in the parable, Islam is coming to itself and is becoming conscious of its need. Three great movements in the Moslem world at the present time are all of them indicative of this unrest—the development of the great dervish orders, the growth of the pan-Islamic spirit and the attempt of the new Islam to rationalize the old orthodoxy—all of them due to the same cause, namely, the readjustment of Islam to the progress of modern thought and western civilization, either by way of protest and defiance, or of accommodation and compromise.

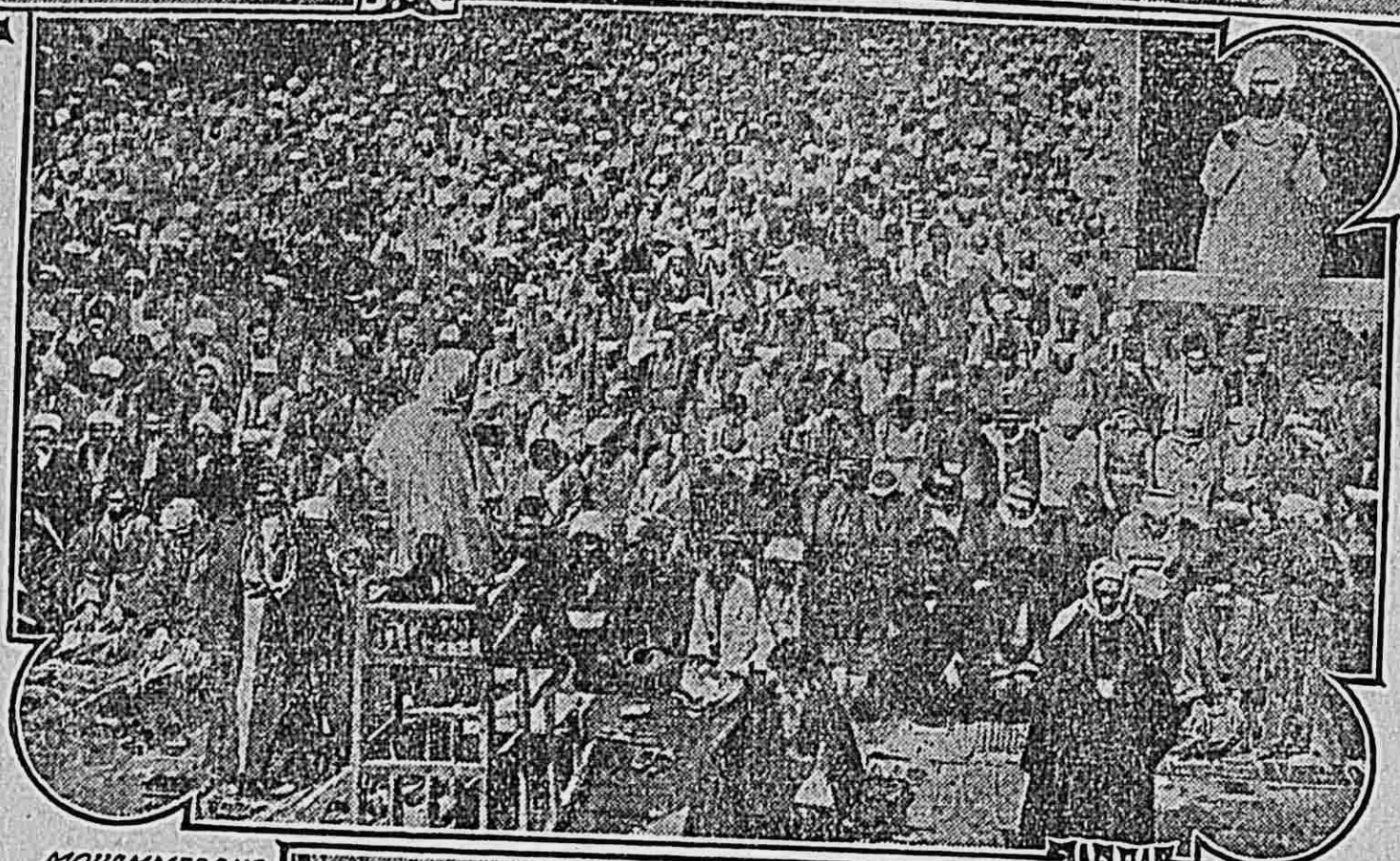
The modernist movement touches every Moslem who receives education on western lines, whether in Java, India, Persia or Egypt, and impels him to adopt a new theology and a new philosophy and new social standards or to give up his religion altogether. How far the advocates of the new Islam go in throwing aboard their cargo to save the ship is illustrated in a book, "The Truth About Islam," published at Cairo by Dr. Muhammad Rifaat, a graduate of Edinburgh University. No orthodox Moslem would recognize this presentation of Islam as the same religion which professes.

The enormous increase and activity of Mohammedanism in all the chief centers of the world is also an indication of intellectual and social unrest. Some of the leading Moslems are already the mouthpiece of intolerance and show a sullen attitude toward Christianity.

The religious movements in Islam today are all progressive or retrogressive. The Wahabites and the Mahdists in Somaliland, in the Sahara, all believe in a Pan-Islam utterly opposed to modern civilization and their cry is "Back to Mohammed."

Advocates of reform in Java and Persia, preachers of the new Islam in India, the nationalists in Egypt, on the contrary, are trying to get away from Mohammed and the standards of Arabian civilization, in favor of the traditions, and make rationalism the basis of their faith.

According to them, Mohammed was neither infallible nor inflexible. Their ideas and their deeds are at the opposite pole of orthodoxy. However, as has been stated, orthodox Islam and retrograde Islam seem to be alike in one thing—they are both moving forward.



MOHAMMEDANS WORSHIPPING BEFORE THE KAABA AT MECCA

One striking thing about this spread of the doctrines of Islam is that European colonial governments tend to help rather than hinder it. The pacification of heathen countries and the suppression of the slave trade, it seems, have been favorable to Mohammedanism.

One missionary explains why Islam is already in possession of great sections of north and east Africa, and is steadily advancing, in this wise:

"It has often been said that the transition from paganism to Christianity is very much more abrupt than that to Islam. But in addition to this, the Mohammedan recognizes Islam in religion as in other matters, a variety of intermediate stages.

"He is satisfied, especially at the beginning, with a very slight degree of adhesion to Islam. It is by no means all converts, but only a few individuals here and there who pay any attention to the deeper religious requirements. No abrupt break in polygamous conditions is demanded, as is the case in Christian missions; while magical practices and other superstitions are tolerated.

"The convert thus loses nothing, but on the contrary gains in social position and consideration, so that his adhesion is almost a matter of course."

How Islam forges ahead in India is shown by these figures:

In 1871 there were, in Bengal, 17,000,000 Hindus and 16,500,000 Mohammedans. In 1901 there were 18,000,000 Hindus and more than nearly 19,500,000 Mohammedans.

Thus, in thirty years, the Mohammedans, who, at the start, numbered half a million less than the Hindus, had not only made up that deficit, but placed themselves 1,600,000 in the lead.

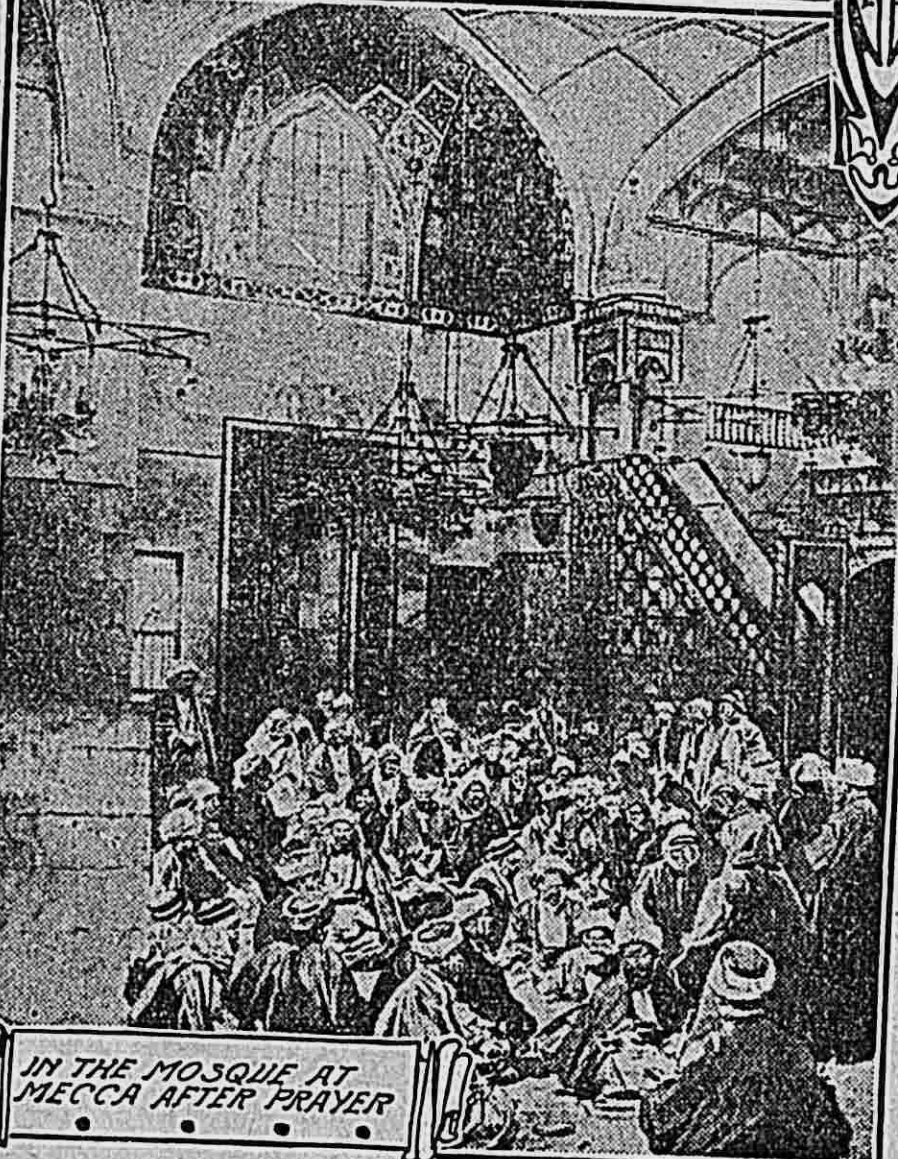
Basing his statement on these figures, Lieut. Col. Mukerjee, of the Indian Medical Service, in his book entitled "A Dying Race," maintains that in Bengal the future is with the Mohammedans.

In explanation of the success of Moslem methods in India, a Christian missionary who knows that land says:

"The Moslem propagandist is Asiatic; we are not. He can ingratiate himself with the people; he can make himself one of them in every detail of social life; he will give his daughter in marriage to the convert, and while we are learning to speak the language, he grows into their very life.

"The Moslem propagandist is a keen itinerant; why should not our preachers and catechists move about among the people with less show of European tent and boat?"

"Martyn Clark says that as ninety-five per cent. of the people live in villages, it were wisdom to learn from the Moslem monarchs, who propagated Islam in the villages; their power perished, but their religion remained."



IN THE MOSQUE AT MECCA AFTER PRAYER

tween the proselytizing method of Christian and Moslem by saying that the former, in order to succeed, "must be less of a combatant and more of a wooer."

In the great islands of Malaysia Islam is likewise meeting with marked success. A Christian missionary in those remote parts declares that the population of large portions of Java, Celebes, Sumatra, and other less important islands is already quite Islamized.

In Borneo, he adds, Moslem influence is increasing steadily in the same proportion as Paganism is declining. Only at such places where there are Christian missions is this progress checked successfully. But, in the greater part of the island, the Mohammedan propaganda goes on without resistance.

"The Moslems of Malaysia," he says, "who leave their native country in order to establish themselves on the shores of other countries, whether temporarily or permanently, are generally anxious to make proselytes. It is not especially religious conviction that drives them, but rather commercial interest. Those who emigrate are always people who gain their living by trading.

"Now pagan tribes in Malaysia live in communism. The family extends itself to a clan, clans grow to tribes; and family relation is the only tie that holds together these communities. Only among one's family does one feel safe.

"It is a matter of course that the Mohammedan foreigner, as soon as he is established on the shore of the heathen land, tries to enter into family relations with the native tribe in the neighborhood of which he lives and trades. In this he succeeds by marrying a woman belonging to that tribe. He and other fellow Mohammedans create Moslem family circles; for the wives have to adopt the religion of their husbands, be it only superficially. No one will expect the wife to fulfill the duties of her new religion, but her children are sure to become better Mohammedans than their mother.

"In this way a group of Mohammedan families is formed which by and by grows into a Moslem community, and at last becomes a society with its own chief.

AT THE HOLY PLACE ALL GOOD MOHAMMEDANS VISIT ONCE IN THEIR LIFETIME

Islam established itself in Sumatra, afterwards in Java and the other islands of Malaysia and in this way we see it at present establishing itself in Central Celebes.

"Sometimes a good number of Mohammedan families settle at the coast, choose a chief, and so from the beginning immediately form a political unity. But, whatever its origin may be, a Moslem establishment always exercises influence on the heathen tribes of the interior. Various reasons bring about this supremacy.

"The Mohammedan population does not chiefly live on agriculture. They earn their living by trade and, just as in Europe, it is considered more distinguished not to be an agriculturist. The Mohammedan coast population do grow some vegetables and fruit, but as for the principal food, which is rice, they depend on the people of the interior. On their excursions they have always money with them and they never forget to make a show of it.

"The Mohammedans also dress in a better way than the heathen, and they very cunningly array themselves in clothes which excite the covetousness and desire of their heathen neighbors, who are very fond of buying new articles. They like to perfume themselves and constantly speak with contempt about eating pork and of other customs of the people of the interior. In short, they know how to behave as people of higher rank and quality than the simple pagans.

"Through all these means the Mohammedan traders arouse the people of the interior to imitate their customs, and all these things are profitable to a propagation of Islam."

From Asiatic Russia come similar surprising tidings of Moslem encroachments in the field of pagan conversion. A Christian worker in that territory tells how, at the beginning of the nineteenth century, the "Apostle of the Altai," reverend Father Macary, crossed the plains south of Tobolsk in Siberia to reach the Altai, and perceived the state of the millions of heathen Kirghis living there. He asked the Russian government to allow him to begin missionary work among the Kirghis, but he was told that these people were too savage as yet to become converts to Christianity.

Not long after that Mohammedan missionaries entered the field, worked with great zeal and perseverance, and won over all the Kirghis tribes to the faith of Islam.

As a result of this setback, the writer states, "the Christian missionary has now to fight, not the weak and beggarly elements of an animistic religion, but the seemingly inaccessible granite fortress of Islam."

Regarding the general situation in Siberia the same missionary says:

"Moslem propaganda is gaining in strength and Mohammedan influence is growing, while Christian influence, as represented by the Russian church, is weaker. The unlucky war with Japan and the proclamation of liberty of conscience have done their work. Forty thousand baptized Christians, formerly Mohammedans and heathens, have returned to paganism and Islam. Islam especially comes out of this crisis strengthened and more aggressive than ever before."

In China there are millions of Mohammedans, but, according to Christian testimony, they are not markedly aggressive in propagating the doctrines of the prophet. The same seems true of Turkey and Persia.

In conclusion, attention should be called to a phase of the Mohammedan situation, which is especially startling from the fact that it is near to home, viz.: the activity of Moslem proselytizers in this western hemisphere.

In several of the West Indian Islands and the Guiana territory of South America there are thousands of East Indian Mohammedans. In British Guiana there are 22,000; in Dutch Guiana, 5,800; in Central America and the West Indies, 20,000.

"Such a small fraction of the population might well be omitted in our survey," state the editors of "Islam and Missions," "were it not that undoubted testimony comes in regard to the activity of Islam, especially in British Guiana and the West Indies.

"If the results of a century's missionary effort in British Guiana are to be preserved the Christian church must make a more determined effort to combat the influence of the East Indian. The struggle of the future in British Guiana will be between Christ and Mohammed."

PILES SATISFACTORILY TREATED WAY DOWN IN TENNESSEE

Resinol the Secret—Sold Everywhere.

There seems to be no end to the uses to which Resinol is put. Here is a man who first used it for piles, then local troubles, and lastly for perspiring feet. All experiments have proven successful. Read what he says:

"I began the use of Resinol Ointment about ten years ago for piles; results satisfactory; finally used it for all local troubles, and lastly for perspiring feet, and it was more than satisfactory, and that after I had spent over a hundred dollars for different remedies and medical fees without results. Since then have recommended it to dozens of people, and it has never failed to cure.

"D. L. KILLIAN,
"Memphis, Tenn."

Not only is Resinol Ointment good for piles, but it is unsurpassed in relieving scalds and burns, chilblains, cracked lips, itching, blackheads, boils, or any form of eruptive skin disease, as eczema, tetter, ringworm, barber's itch, etc. Resinol Ointment can be purchased from your druggist in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes, but if you prefer to try a free sample, write to Department 33, Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

HOW HE KNEW.



Hubby—That milliner of yours must be a bird.
Wife—Nonsense! She has neither wings nor feathers.
Hubby—Yes; but just look at this bill of her.

When the Flag Looks Good.
"I have been in countries where the laboring man had meat once a year; sometimes twice—Christmas and Easter. And I have seen women carrying upon their heads a burden that no man would like to carry, and at the same time knitting busily with both hands. And those women lived without meat; and when I thought of the American laborer I said to myself: 'After all, my country is the best in the world.' And when I came back to the sea and saw the old flag flying in the air, it seemed to me as though the air from pure joy had burst into blossom."—Robert G. Ingersoll.

"Those Youthful Prodiges."
"Will wonders never cease?" said Jones to his wife. "Here is an account of a six-year-old boy who can work the most difficult problems in algebra."

"Remarkable!" admitted Mrs. Jones, "but I know a four-year-old girl that knows Greek. Where does your little wonder live?"

"In Boston. Where does your linguistic marvel live?"
Mrs. Jones gazed out of the window with a far-away look in her eyes as she answered: "In Greece."—National Food Magazine.

A man may have his price, but it takes a woman to make him feel like a bargain counter remnant.

Post Toasties

A Treat
So Sweet;
Add Cream
Then Eat.

Post Toasties

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Company, Limited,
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